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THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

VOL. IX. ATLANTA, GA. THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 1, 1877. NO. 20.

THE FLORIDA CASE.

The case of the democrats in Florida, as embodied in our telegrams this morning is an exceedingly strong one, and it is not at all improbable that, after all the chicanery of Stearns, McLin and Cowgill, the gallant little state may be the means of redeeming the country from the knavery and corruption of radical rule, and of foiling the deeply-laid schemes of the Mortons and the Camerons. Governor Drew has forwarded to the president of the senate the official proceedings of the democratic electors and the result of the recanvass of the votes of the state by the new returning board, which shows a clean majority for Tilden of 96 votes. The official papers comprise:

1. A certified copy of the act of the legislature authorizing and directing the new returning board to recanvass the votes for president and vice-president.

2. A copy of the returns as canvassed by the new board and as testified thereto.

3. The certificate of Governor Drew showing the appointment and due authorization of the Tilden electors.

4. The declaration of the electors themselves, duly certified to, that they met and cast their votes for Tilden and Hendricks.

These facts, it seems to us, will be very difficult for the electoral tribunal to ignore, and if they are ignored, we shall lose our faith in the impartiality of that body.

TESTIMONY FOR THE TRIBUNAL.

Notwithstanding the unfortunate illness of nearly all the members of the Louisiana returning board, the evidence given before the house committee shows that for a consideration of one million of dollars Louisiana was to be counted for Tilden. As this million was not forthcoming, the state went for Hayes, according to contract, and hence the troubles that have arisen. The evidence of the witness (Maddox) shows a lovely state of affairs, and if testimony can be relied on, the tribunal just selected will declare that Louisiana should be counted for Tilden. Otherwise, the country, quoting the eloquent language of the radical knaves, will cry: "Gods! do your patriotic friends hesitate?" The members of the committee seem to have other things in reserve, and it is no wonder that the Louisiana wretches have been taken with a sudden illness. If both Florida and Lousiana are not declared for Tilden, we shall no longer believe in the justice of supreme court tribunals nor the impartiality of congressional commissions. The question has reached a point where it is impossible for two honest men, whatever their pontics, to differ

A LOUISIANA WITNESS.

The committee of the house had J. H. Maddox, a special agent of the internal revenue department, before them to-day and asked him questions regarding the election in Louisiana. These questions were so pertinent that Maddox was suddenly taken ill, and the probability is that the illness will be lasting. We have lively hopes, however, that Maddox will be induced to tell all he knows, in which event we expect to hear something calculated to excite astonishment.

THE papers are maliciously enquiring for the name of the "rural rooster" who, telegraphing from Atlanta, notified Blaine somewhat curtly to leap from the back window of the senate for that Mr. Hill was making his way toward the hall. The "rural rooster," thus far, has failed to respond.

MORTON proposes to object to Georgia's vote. This is well. Georgia has eighty-one thousand majority that she can well afford to dispense with on an occasion like this for the sake of harmony,

ONE of the mysteries of the present crisis is the silence of Col. Susan B Anthony. Nobody except an aged and strong-minded female could castor oil on the troubled waters.

KELLOGG has had his carringe conveyed to Washington by steamer from New Orleans. His steeds, strange to say, were not a part of the consignment.

WELLS and Marshal Pitkin are both ill. If this thing continues the Louisiana knaves will probably succeed in exciting the sympathy of the public.

TURKEY is about to have peace with Servia. We hardly know which to congratulate.

JUSTICE Clifford has been chosen president of the electoral commission.

THE condition of Mr. Stephens is less favorable than on Tuesday.

THE Louisiana returning board gets sick and sicker.

THE PEOPLE AND POLITICIANS.

—Charley Willingham was 48 yesterday.

—One of the candidates for congress in the ninth is already scoring a buggy through the mountains.

—Tom Magill insists upon exorting Atlanta democrats to Tilden's inauguration.

—President Lester, of the senate, is true to the colors of the coast country and uses an ultra-marine silk handkerchief.

—Col. Slaughter, of the Brunswick and Albany, ought to join Watterson's army, and contribute the use of his Columbiad.

—It is said that ex-Governor Smith has about determined to make his future home in Atlanta. He will be welcomed as a permanent resident.

—Speaker Bacon would have less trouble in announcing the names of some members if they had been furnished with anchors by their constituents before leaving home.

—Col. Sam Williams, of the executive department, was once given a major general's commission by Cespedes, of the Cuban republic, but declined it.

—Ham makes a splendid journalizing clerk, being a journalist by profession.

—Hon. Pat Walsh, of Richmond, has the reputation of being one of the most conservative men in the house. When he talks he means business.

—Eugene Speer has already given out that he will not, at any time, be a candidate for clerk of the house of congress.

—The members of the general assembly call the clerkship applicants "bull-dozers."

—Judge Schley threatens to induce Augustus Schell to send "six of his sharpest Tammany chiefs to Atlanta to take lessons in political wire-pulling."

—It was rumored last night that a ninth district congressional candidate is about to have his portrait and biographical sketch printed in one of our illustrated weeklies. I may be his "spirit," and it may not.

—We heard it stated yesterday that Judge Wm. B. Woods, of the United States district court, believes the grand commission will con it in Tilden.

—The words "retrenchment and reform" were not used in the house yesterday for the first time during the session.

"OLD SI."

THE HARD ROAD TO TRAVEL.

"I tole yer dat some ob you niggers was ter strike ar grassed place on de track 'fore long!" said Old Si to a bunch of darkies at the depot.

"What's de trump now?"

"Hit's herbul ter be spades for some ob yer—don't yer forgit hit!"

"Why is dat?"

"Dat jestis ob de peace dat's 'sumtunin' inter dis las' 'lecksbun hab got his claws on dat ballit box, dat's what!"

"Sho' I no!"

"Dat he hab, an' he's grabb'in' in dar wid a vishus feech—mind out, now, 'kase I tell yer he's a-bounsin'!"

"Spose he is? Whar is dat gwine ter be 'lustrated wid us?"

"Well, now, you jess wa't 'ell dat wan gits er grip on yo' tick't! Yer 'members dat ye hain.' Pade dat pole tax fer las' yeah! Yer 'members de law an' yer pay 'tention now while I informs yer dat ledge up dar is one ob dese country jestisses!"

"Whoop! dat do stir ting!"

"Dat hit do! Whonebber he starts ter grindin' out punishment prepar' for rode duty! Shake up yer shovels darfo', 'fore de sheriff sings out!"

THE CLERK HIRE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

A Faithful and Competent Officer.

Editors Constitution: Several communications have recently appeared in your valuable paper regarding the large amounts annually expended by the Georgia legislature for clerk hire. It is asserted by some that during the extravagance of the reign of Bullock smaller amounts were required to do the clerical work of the legislature than have been expended for similar work since the democratic party of Georgia was restored to power. It will be a difficult matter to make Georgians believe this statement. It is possible that the records during the time referred to, may show comparatively a smaller amount thus expended. But was it because of a desire to economize, or because the treasury of the state was so plundered and depleted that there was little left with which to pay the clerks? There is an almost unanimous belief among our people that whenever Bullock's crowd met, the whole amount found in the treasury was appropriated for the various steals enacted by a legislature composed largely of carpet-baggers and irresponsible negroes, and if the appropriation for any particular purpose was small it was necessarily so on account of a depleted treasury

The efficiency and economy of the management of these matters depend largely upon the faithfulness and competency of the chief officer. Twenty days of the present session have passed, and Col. Wm. A. Harris, secretary of the senate, has had all the duties of his position most efficiently performed, and has been assisted by only three clerks. And during nearly the entire session, the assistant secretary has been confined to his room, and one of the three clerks has been needed at the desk to assist in reading out. Can the most economical ask more than this? Sometimes three and four times as many clerks are employed before the session is advanced thus far. The truth is, Colonel Harris is a good worker, and his assistants also work constantly and arduously. With the clamors of twenty applicants for position constantly harassing him, this faithful adherance to his plan of an economical administration of his office is very praiseworthy. OBSERVER.

An Actress Captures a City.

Richmond (Va.) Enquirer.

Miss Lillian Adelaide Neilson was at the capitol yesterday. While in the hall of the house of delegates she was surrounded by members who left their seats and neglected the business before the body to enjoy the pleasure of conversing with the queen of the drama. Among the number introduced to Miss Neilson was Colonel Clark, of Surry, who was electrified the day before, in the midst of a speech, by a passing glance from Miss Neilson, as she was leaving the hall. The speaker of the house was also presented to the fair visitor, while General Taliaferro occupied the chair. We have never witnessed a more general desire among the members of the house to render homage to beauty and do honor to dramatic genius. Miss Neilson left the hall as Judge Lacy was speaking, and there was a slight repetition of the spicy episode of Thursday.

From the hall Miss Neilson and her escort repaired to the state library, where the various objects of interest were pointed out to her. She was then conducted to the governor's room, on the second floor, and was introduced to his excellency, who, of course, accorded to her a gracious reception.

In the afternoon Miss Neilson was called upon at her hotel by several of the first ladies of the city, and accepted an invitation to drive in the stylish equipage of one of the number.

Mr. Hill's Successor.

Editors Constituti n: It is cause for congratulation to the people of Georgia and particularly to the citizens of the the 9th congresional district, that Col. J. A. Billups, of Morgan, has consented to become a candidate for congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Hill's election to the senate. Able, eloquent, faithful, honest and reliable, he is eminently qualified for the position. The acknowledged leader and ablest advocate of the Ocmulgee bar, he is scarcely inferior to Mr. Hill himself as a ready, skillful and powerful debater. His private character is exceptionally elevated and pure, and in all respects he will be a representative of whom any constituency could not fail to be proud. PUBLIUS.

FROM HAB TO BAB.

An Atlanta Man Surveys the Jugular Vein in St. Louis.

St. Louis, January 31.—Professor Edward L. Seymour, who arrived here from Chattanooga or Atlanta two months since, was found in a chair with his throat cut. Pecuniary troubles.

A Noble Suicide.

LONDON, January 31.—The Countess Howe threw herself from a window of her mother's residence in Berkely Square, and died of her injuries. Grief for her husband's death had unsettled her mind.

Flight of the Swallows.

LONDON, January 31.—A dispatch from Constantinople says Count Chandordy, French plenipotentiary to the late conference, and Corent Corte, the italian ambassador, left there yesterday.

Peace with Servia.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—A Reuter dispatch from Constantinople says, it is believed peace will be concluded with Servia; and it is rumored that Montenegro received Turkey's overtures favorably.

A Forger Arrested.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Cyrus G. Clark has been arrested for attempting to negotiate $21,000 with forged Central Pacific bonds.

Into Eternity.

BOSTON, January 31.—Hon. J. Wiley Edmunds, one of the most successful and prominently known business men in New England, died today.

A Deceased Editor.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 31.—Daniel O'Neil, editor Daily Dispatch, dead; age 49.

MADE HAPPY.—"Oh, mamma, if I only could have one of those new style of dresses made to button down the back from the neck to the heels."

"Well, my daughter, you can."

"What! I can?"

"Yes, dear."

"Sutton clear down?"

"Certainly, my darling."

"With smoke-pearl bottons?"

"Yes, pet."

"And saloon trimmings?"

"Yes, dearest."

"Oh, mamma!"

They hug.

THIS IS THE DAY

WE LONG HAVE SOUGHT, WHEN BALLOT-DOXERS SHOULD BE CAUGHT.

For One Million Dollars Wells agreed to Count Louisiana in for Tilden and Hendricks.

The Formal Swearing in and Organization of the Electoral Commission.

Which Meets in the Supreme Court Room at 12 o'clock this Morning to Elucidate the Problem.

The Electoral Vote of Florida Formally Transmitted by Gov. Drew.

SICK AND SORE.

PERSISTENT PERSECUTION OF THE FAITHFUL.

Did Wells Receive One Million Dollars for his Work?—Startling Disclosures Pending—The Witness Becomes too Sick to Answer Intricate Questions.

WASHINGTON, January 31.—John G. Beckett produced a letter written by J. Madison Wells, as follows:

"New Orleans, Nov. 20, 1876. My Dear Sir—You advise with me relative thereto. J. MADISON WELLS."

Gov. Wells is sick this morning. The returning board are in quite close confinement. Visitors admitted by card only, and conversation held within hearing of an officer of the house.

Three letters from Gov Wells, one going to Hewitt, one to Cameron and one to Senator West will be produced to-day. A heavy cloud hangs over the returning board.

A sub-committee of the Louisiana committee examined Marshal Pitkin last night. The marshal is not very well.

Maddox, a treasury agent who was in constant communication with Wells, declines to answer or explain his letters.

Pickett testified that a gentleman, who is well-known, called on him Nov. 23d, just from New Orleans. He told witness the exact situation in New Orleans.

Objection was made, and the room cleared.

When the doors were opened, J. H. Maddox, special agent of the internal revenue department, was on the stand. Had said he had known Wells and Anderson 25 years. The letter mentioned above, and handed to Maddox, was written by Wells in the presence of witness. When Wells handed witness the letter he said he trusted witness to protect him in regard to a previous conversation they had had together. Witness declined to say what the conversation was about, and asked until to-morrow to answer. The examination went on by instruction. He declined to answer whether these conversations referred to the returning board, or related to Wells's action as a member of the returning board.

Mr. Field—Now, Mr. Maddox, is it not the fact that you made a bargain with J. Madison Wells to give the Tilden electors the state of Louisiana for $1,000,000.

Answer—I decline to answer.

Witness said Calvert was an actual resident of New Orleans. He was a kind of a body guard of Wells, but it was the understanding that all messages that came for Calvert were understood to be for Wells. He declined to explain any of the telegrams, except to say that he was Hancock, Wells was Calvert, and Thomas was Pickett.

Witness said that he did not vote at the last presidential election, but would have voted for Hayes if he had voted at all. Mr. Maddox was informed that he would be compelled to answer the question put to him. The committee then took recess for one hour in order to give the witness time for consideration.

The Witness—You are only wasting time, as I will still decline to answer at the expiration of that hour.

Mr. Field—That is your view.

At the appointed time Maddox was sick, and was excused until to-morrow.

Barnes, a New Orleans telegraph manager, was discharged from custody.

The house is in session to-night.

Witness identified the following letter written by him to Col. Pickett:

BARNUM'S HOTEL, BALTIMORE, Nov. 27—Dear Col.—Have just arrived and have your dispatch. I can't wait, so I leave to-night. I think J. Thomas had better telegraph J. H. Maddox, 137 Bienville street, that he can do it at a per cent, and will see his party in Baltimore. Gods! Do your patriotic friends hesitate? They ain't alive to the situation. Above all things keep me from trouble. You know the risk I take. You may say what you please to your friends, but keep me from trouble. I will hold things in hand till I see you."

Witness said that J. Thomas was Col. Pickett

The following telegram witness identified:

"C. M. CALVERT, 170 Custom-house street. Hold. Will telegraph you Monday evening." JOS. HANCOCK.

Witness said he was Hancock and that Wells opened all dispatches for Calvert by agreement.

BALTIMORE, MD., Nov. 22.—John E. Pickett, New York Hotel: Leave to-night. Telegraph me as agreed upon on the morning of the 30th, but not before.

JAMES HANCOCK, 137 Bienville street, New Orleans: All right. I can get the money at 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 or 10 per cent in Baltimore, where I will go on the 29th, 30th or 1st, 2d or 3d proximo, if it will suit you. J. THOMAS.

New York Hotel.

Witness said Pickett was Thomas, and he (witness) was Hancock.

The following letter was read, and unsigned:

For one million of dollars the vote of Louisiana can be secured for Tilden and Hendricks. The manipulation must be done by me, and as far as possible to protect the members of the returning board who may favor such a result. It may be necessary to elect two or three members of the board so as to reach what we want. The details to be agreed upon are that the money is to be paid in installments, say one-quarter when the fifth member is elected, one-quarter when one member resigns, and another is elected in his place, and one-quarter when another resigns, with another elected in his place, and the balance, one quarter, to be paid when the certificates are given.

Other letters:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 1—33d avenue, New York. Col. F. C. Zacharie, New Orleans: A double game, but if well informed you might trust the person I wrote about.

JOHN F. PICKETT.

Night Message:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec 2.—Joseph Hancock, 137 Bienville street, New Orleans: Telegraphed as directed. Damn my interests. Think of the best interests of forty millions of people.

JOHN E. PICKETT.

The witness declined to explain these letters and dispatches. The committee is holding back details in their possession, to be developed when the witness answers fully, as it is thought he will to-morrow morning.

Mr. Stephens' Condition.

WASHINGTON, January 31.—Mr. Stephens' condition is about the same as yesterday, though the doctors consider the indications as less favorable.

CLIFFORD'S COURT.

THE COMMISSION SWORN IN AND ORGANIZED.

It Meets at 12 o'clock To-Day—Rules of the Supreme Court Adopted—And Now we Must Wait for the Verdict.

WASHINGTON, January 31.—Judge Bradley has been selected as the fifth judge.

In the senate a concurrent resolution was adopted providing that no person shall be admitted to the south wing of the capital during the count of the votes for president and vice president except upon tickets issued by the president pro tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives, such tickets to be distributed equally to each senator and representative by the sergeant-at-arms of the senate and house of representatives.

The republican congressional commission have employed Wm. M. Evarts, T. A. Stoughton, Stanley Matthews, and S. S. Sheilabarger to prepare their case before the commission.

Justice Clifford will be the president of the electoral commission.

The commission met at 11 o'clock today.

The clerk of the supreme court administered the oath to Judge Clifford, who qualified the other commissioners.

A committee was appointed to frame rules on privileges and powers.

The democratic committee have selected Mat W. Carpenter, Mr. Trumbull, Judge Black, and Judge Ashbel Green, of New York.

The senate passed the bill regulating admission to the galleries during court, and adopted the report of the judiciary committee admitting Belford from Colorado, who was seated.

The president pro tem. also laid before the senate the following communication from certain associate justices of the supreme court of the United States:

To the president pro tem. of the senate of the United States—Pursuant to the provisions of the second section of the act of congress entitled an act to provide for and regulate the counting of the votes for president and vice president, and the decision of questions arising thereon for the term commencing March 4th, A. D. 1877, approved January 29, 1877, the undersigned associate justices of the supreme court of the United States, assigned to the first, third, eighth, and ninth circuits, respectively, have this day selected the Hon. Joseph P. Bradley, the associate justice of the supreme court, assigned to the fifth circuit, to be a member of the commission constituted by said act. Respectfully submitted.

NATHAN CLIFFORD,
SAMUEL F. MILLER,
STEPHEN J. FIELD,
N. STRONG,
Associate Justices.

of the supreme court of the United States, assigned respectively to the 1st, 3d, 8th, and 9th districts.

Washington, Jan. 30, 1877.

It was ordered that the communication be placed on file

James H. McKinney has been appointed clerk of the grand commission.

It was ordered that the proceedings of the commission be confidential until otherwise ordered.

There will be four tellers of the electoral vote, two democrats for the house and two republicans for the senate.

The rules for the government of the grand commission are similar to those which govern the supreme court. The proceedings will be public. The cases will be presented by counsel, and the number of counsel and the time allowed for argument may be enlarged at the pleasure of the commission, though two hours a side for argument is the rule. The consultations of the commission will be private as they hold their session in the supreme court room, which cannot seat over 200 spectators.

ORDER OUT OF CHAOS.

GOV. DREW SENDS UP SOME IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS.

The Action of the Florida Legislature, the Tilden Electors and the Governor's Endorsement Thereof.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Florida majority report will show from certified copies of every return made to the board of canvassers 91 majority for Tilden.

The president of the senate has received from Gov. Drew the official proceedings of the Tilden electors and the recanvass of the votes under the new returning board, showing a Tilden majority 96. The official papers are:

1st. A certified copy of the act of the legislature authorizing the returning board to recanvass the votes for president and vice-president.

2d. A copy of the returns as canvassed by the new board is certified by them.

3d. The governor's certificate of the appointment and due authorization of the Tilden electors.

4th. The declaration of the electors themselves duly certified that they met and cast their votes for Tilden. The Florida committee will probably report.

After an animated struggle in the house the report on the Florida election was made and ordered printed in the Record, but the republicans filibustered successfully in preventing a vote being taken on the resolution, which declares that the democratic electors were fairly and duly elected; that they cast their votes for Tilden and Hendricks, and that, as the legal vote of Florida, must be counted.

CORRIDOR GOSSIP.

THE MEXICAN MINISTER MAKES A PAYMENT.

Morrill Sick—The Yale Alumni Eat Chicken Pie—Nominations—Hereford of West Virginia, Seated in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—The Mexican minister paid to the secretary of state to-day three hundred thousand dollars, the first installment of the award of the Mexican claims commission. The payment was made by Don Ignacio Marschal, who has long been the Mexican minister here. The transaction did not involve any recognition of Diaz on the part of the United States.

The Yale alumni now residing or temporarily sojourning in Washington, assembled for an annual re-union and dinner at the Riggs' house this evening. Among the distinguished alumni present, was Justice Strong, Judge Taft, Senator Dawes, Gen. Gibson of Louisiana, Prof. Wm. Preston Johnson of Washington and Lee university, Virginia.

Hon. Charles O'Conor is here.

No vote was taken in the senate to-day on the bill for the Pacific railroad sinking fund. There will not likely be any vote for several days on account of Senator Gordon's sickness, who introduced one of the bills under discussion. Senator Gordon's bill is reported on favorably by the railroad committee. The other is the bill of the judiciary committee.

The secretary of the treasury is sick.

Nomination—Chas. S. Mills, collector of customs, Richmond.

Hereford, of West Virginia, has been seated in the senate.

The sinking fund for the Pacific railroad was resumed without action.

Confirmation—Smith, postmaster at Canton, Mississippi.

WASHINGTON, January 31.—The committee on privileges and elections examined Colonel Pelton regarding the Oregon money without result.

The following was produced:

PORTLAND, OREGON, January 31.—General Wade Hampton: How many democratic electors on the official count. Answer, paid.

C. B. BUSHEE, Chairman state democratic committee.

A Plumb from Kansas.

TOPEKA, Jan. 31.—Col. Plumb is elected United States senator. He is a rich man; and is president of the National bank at Emporia.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

FIRST SESSION—19TH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

THE SENATE.

ATLANTA, GA., January 31, 1877.

The senate met at the usual hour, President Lester in the chair.

REPORTS FROM COMMITTEES.

Senator Shewmake of the committee on banks reported.

A bill authorizing the Castle Rock coal company to reduce its capital stock, and to increase said reduced stock from time to time—recommending its passage.

Also a bill amending the charter of the Capital bank of Macon, recommending its passage.

Also a bill to amend the charter of the bank of Rome—recommending its passage.

SEATS ON THE FLOOR.

Senator Howell moved that seats upon the floor be tendered to Hons. J. L. Warren and James R. Parks, during their stay in the city. Adopted.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

Senator Graham offered a resolution amending the 24th rule of the senate, so as to provide for reference of bills to committee on the first reading instead of the second reading.

The senator explained that he simply desired to save time. If the committee to which the bill was referred disapproved it, it might be arrested on its first reading, and thus the second reading done away with.

The following bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Asbury of the 23d—To establish a normal department in the state agricultural college at Dahlonega, and to further provide for the military feature in said college.

By Mr. Mattox of the 4th—To amend an act prohibit hunting on the land of another.

By Mr. Reese of the 29th—To amend section 1649 of the code relating to fees of solicitors general.

The house bills establishing an independent school system in West Point and providing for calling a constitutional convention were read the first time.

The bill authorizing the Castle Rock coal company of Georgia was considered by the senate in the committee of the whole and slightly amended, and on return to regular session, read the third time and passed.

The bill amending section 598 of the code was also considered in the committee of the whole, and afterward taken up and passed.

The bill repealing the law allowing interested witnesses to testify was read the third time, and created quite a debate between Messrs. McDaniel, Harrison, Black, Bryan, Bester, Bush and Cabaniss.

After an elaborate debate the bill was lost.

Mr. Bush, of the 8th.—To amend an act providing for a county board of commissioners in the county of Baker.

The senate went into executive session.

The following appointments were confirmed:

Salem Dutcher, solicitor general of Augusta circuit; R. B. Hudson, solicitor general of southwestern circuit; C. T. Bartlet, solicitor general of Macon circuit; Simon W. Hitch, solicitor general of Brunswick circuit.

On motion, the senate adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

HOUSE

The house was called to order at 10 a. m. by Speaker Bacon.

Prayer by Rev. John Jones, D.D., chaplain.

RECONSIDERATION.

Mr. Richardson moved to reconsider action on the bill to fix the number and per diem pay of jurors in Whitfield county.

Messrs. Mathews of Talbot, Stewart of Spalding, and Hood opposed the motion.

The motion did not prevail.

Mr. Stewart, of Spalding, moved to reconsider action on the bill to create a board of commissioners in Warren and Taliaferro counties, which motion prevailed.

Mr. Jordan, of Hancock, moved to reconsider action on the bill to change and regulate the school system in the counties of Ware, Clinch and Echols.

Mr. McDonald opposed the motion.

Mr. Mathews, of Pike, favored reconsideration

The motion to reconsider did not prevail.

BAKER COUNTY CONTEST.

The special order being the contested election case from Baker county, was taken up at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Sheffield, of Miller, moved the adoption of the majority report recommending the seating of W. W. Dews.

Mr. Cochran moved that the evidence in the case be read, which motion prevailed.

The clerk began reading the evidence five minutes after eleven o'clock, and had been reading fifteen minutes, when Mr. Walker moved that in consequence of the difficulty in hearing, the matter be referred to a special committee of 15 to report on.

Mr. Turnbull moved to lay the motion on the table. Lost.

Mr. Hood said that there were but two modes—for the clerk to read the testimony or print it.

Messrs. Sheffield, of Miller, Hood and Moses opposed the motion to recommit.

Mr. Wilkes withdrew the motion and the reading was resumed at 11:38 and concluded at 12:20 o'clock.

Mr. Cochran presented the report of the committee declaring that Mr. A. L. Hawes, the sitting member, is entitled to his seat.

Mr. Jones, of McDuffie, presented the petition of 314 citizens of McDuffie county asking the passage of a law prohibiting the sale of liquor in that county, which was referred to the judiciary committee.

Under a suspension of the rules Mr. Robs on offered a resolution that all the papers, pay-rolls, vouchers, etc., connected with the claim of the citizens of Washington, Johnson, Jefferson and Burke counties for expenses incurred during the insurrection troubles of 1875, be referred to the finance committee to report by bill or otherwise.

The house adjourned until 3 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The house was called to order at 3 P. M. by speaker Bacon.

THE BAKER COUNTY CONTEST.

The unfinished business of the morning being the consideration of the contested election case from Baker county, it was taken up.

The majority report recommending the seating of W. W. Dews, the contestant, was advocated by Messrs. McDonald, Paine, Fry, Stewart, of Spalding, and Sheffield, of Miller, and the minority report by Messrs. Moses, Jordan, of Hancock, and Branch. The question involved was the legality of the vote at Milford and Couch's mill precincts.

The majority report was adopted by yeas 114, nays 29.

Mr. Fort gave notice of a motion to reconsider.

Mr. Jordan, of Hancock, moved to adjourn until 10 a. m., to-morrow. Lost.

Mr. Hood moved that Mr. W. W. Dews be sworn in, which motion prevailed.

Mr. Dews appeared and took the oath of office.

PER DIEM AND MILEAGE.

Mr. Kennon offered a resolution that Mr. A. L. Hawes be paid the per diem and mileage for the time he has occupied his seat, which was agreed to.

MARINE BANK.

Under a suspension of the rules, Mr. Adams, of Chatham, offered a resolution that the governor be authorized to accept the surrender of the charter of the Marine bank of Savannah. Referred to Judiciary committee.

On motion of Mr. Carlton, the chairman of the finance committee, 200 copies of the tax bill were ordered printed.

On motion, the house adjourned until 10 A.M. to-morrow.

DIRECT TRADE.

Letter from Hon. Nelson Tift on the Subject of a Subsidized Steamship Line—The Question of Direct Trade and Immigration Considered.

ALBANY, GA., January 24, 1877.

Hon. A. P. Adams, Atlanta, Ga., Member of the House of Representatives from Chatham County:

DEAR SIR—I received your letter requesting a statement of my views relative to the propriety of granting a subsidy by the state to a steamship company, to run between Savannah and Liverpool, as a means of promoting direct trade and immigration.

The scheme in substance, as stated in the annual message of Gov. Smith; is that Mr. J. D. Gartner, of New York, proposes, "That the legislature shall secure to him, by an act, the sum of $60,000 in gold per annum, for three years in semi-annual payments. That, in consideration of this subsidy, he will contract to run between Savannah and Liverpool, stopping at Queenstown as occasion may require, a first-class steamer each month, or oftener if the trade should warrant, adapted to the service and fitted for first-class as well as for steerage passengers. That he will carry steerage passengers or immigrants for three pounds, ten shillings each, which is about one-half the usual fare between European ports and New York, and that he will commence the service as soon as the subsidy is secured and the details for running the line are completed."

The sum of the proposition is that the people of Georgia shall be taxed $60,000 per year for three years, or $180,000, in gold, for twelve trips of a steamer each year, which will afford an opportunity to those who wish to trade with Europe, or to bring immigrants thence by this route to do so.

I do not think that such an appropriation of the public money would bring any adequate compensation to the state or to the people.

From 1850, when a subsidy was first proposed for the "Belgic-American steamship company," down to 1874, it was a common belief among the people of Georgia and the whole south, that we were prepared for a profitable direct trade with Europe, and that the only obstacle was a want of a line of steamships running direct between our own and foreign ports.

In 1874 this theory was sufficiently tested by experiment to demonstrate its fallacy and silence its advocates, at least for the present.

Under the auspices of the Central railroad of Georgia, a large and most perfect combination of southern and western railroads, united at Savannah with an ocean steamship combination line via New York, to and from Liverpool weekly. The rates of freight between Liverpool and Savannah, and between Liverpool and all important points in the interior of the south and west were cheaper than the rates of freight from New York to the same points. The custom duties on goods from Liverpool to the interior of the south and west were provided to be paid by the agents of the line either in New York or Savannah, or the goods could be held in bond at either place until wanted by the owner, and then be forwarded without extra charge for freight—the freight and duties to be paid by the owner of the goods to the company on delivery of the goods.

This "Liverpool, Savannah and Great Western Line" was formed in the latter part of 1874, has been running weekly ever since, and exists to-day without subsidy or cost to the public. It is a better line than that proposed by Mr. J. S. Gartner, and that it is not being used for the purpose for which it was formed, demonstrates the fact that the proposed monthly line, for which we are invited to be taxed $60,000 per year in gold, would not be used for importation, and would, for that purpose, be utterly worthless to the people of Georgia.

Again, in 1874, the grangers of Georgia organized a direct trade company, under most favorable circumstances, with our present worthy governor as president. Subscriptions, in small sums, for a large amount were made. An office of the company was opened in Savannah, and an experienced Charleston merchant was sent as agent of the company to attend to the business at Liverpool. With all these favorable circumstances the company failed to get enough of direct trade to pay expenses; the Liverpool agent was called home; the Savannah office was closed, and I believe that most of the capital was lost in this unfortunate effort to demonstrate in practice the mistaken theories in which the company originated.

Again, every year a large number of steamships and sail vessels trade between Liverpool and other foreign ports and Savannah. Taking 1873 as an average, the shipping from foreign ports entered at Savannah was 172,460 tons, and the shipping cleared for foreign ports was 160,711 tons. The value of the exports by these vessels to foreign ports was $26,850,275, and the value of imports only $890,664. There being little demand in Savannah or the state of Georgia for the importation of foreign goods, at any rate of freight, the vessels engaged in this foreign trade are forced to purchase ballast of rocks, or coal, or salt, for their inward trip, and depend for their profit on the outgoing cotton freights. Those vessels are making two or three hundred trips a year between Savannah and Liverpool and other foreign ports, without subsidy. Why, then, should the people of Georgia be taxed $60,000 for one trip more per month, and with no advantages which are not already furnished by others without cost to us?

The next questions for consideration are—

First. Is the state of Georgia or the city of Savannah prepared to receive and provide for the sick and the destitute as well as the healthy, who may come at our invitation?

Second. Can we furnish profitable employment for those who come?

Third. Will the people of Georgia be sufficiently compensated for the proposed tax of $180,000, in the increase of population, to be brought from foreign countries by the proposed line?

I would answer each of these questions in the negative.

First. When the state of Georgia shall, by the proposed appropriation, give a formal invitation to the populations of Europe to come to Georgia and find homes and employment, she will assume the moral responsibility of providing not only homes and labor for the well, but she must provde homes for the destitute men, women and children, and hospitals for the sick at a cost of many thousands of dollars. New York is the only city and state on this side of the continent where proper preparation has been made for the reception and care of immigrants. A glance at the report of the "Commissioners of Emigration of the state of New York" would interest our legislators. Here five-sevenths of all the immigrants to the United States land, are taken care of and distributed to different parts of the union. The sick are provided for in hospitals suited to their respective diseases, and the destitute are supported until they are supplied with work, and this care and supervision is continued for five years from the time of landing.

In answer, then, to the first question we may say without doubt that neither is Georgia or Savannah prepared to receive and provide for those who might come, nor to make the necessary expenditure to meet the responsibilities which Georgia would assume in the passage of the proposed act.

Second. If all else was right, could we furnish profitable employment to such immigrants as might come by our subsidized line?

No.

We do not give profitable employment to all of our own citizens, and the consequence is that thousands of both white and black have gone and are going to other states. Let us first arrange to keep Georgians employed at home, instead of permitting them to leave, and then taxing the people to bring less valuable citizens to fill their places. Many a white citizen is idle for want of a mule, or meat, or other comparatively small aid, or for wages which would support his family, and hundreds of negro laborers are passing out of the state to Florida this present month. They could have been retained at $10 per month and rations, but could not get it. Can we expect to employ foreign labor for less? Let us see:

The commissioners of emigration in New York have connected with their "landing depot," at Castle Garden, a "labor exchange," by means of which, according to the report of the commissioners for 1872 employment was procured for 82,592 emigrants, of whom 23,324 were males and 9,268 were females. Of the males, 3,787 were mechanics, and 19,517 agricultural and common laborers. Of the females, 408 were skilled laborers, and 8,860 were ordinary domestics. This was accomplished by the free market for emigrant labor which was maintained at Castle Garden—neither employer or employed being charged for any service—and by letter and circulars to all parts of the union, and among others, special letters to the governors of the southern states.

The wages obtained for this labor ranged for the various trades at from about $3 50 to $5 per day, and from $10 to $20 per week, without board, and from $10 to $30 per month, with board, varying with different occupations.

Farm laborers ranged from $5 50 per month in January, gradually rising to $23 75 in July, and then falling to $9 in December, all with board.

Monthly labor of female domestics ranged from $9 50 to $10 50, with board.

The wages of common laborers averaged during the year $1 75, without board.

Of the whole number disposed of, Georgia, after earnest solicitation, took twelve males! And the whole secret is manifest in the prices obtained for the labor of these people—they received more wages elsewhere than Georgia could afford to pay.

The facts show that the proposed tax of $180,000 in gold be wrung from the struggling tax payers of Georgia, will be to them a worthless expenditure, and, to immigrants who may be induced to come at our invitation, a cruel delusion.

If any Georgian desires to employ foreign laber let him send an order to the superintendent of the Castle Garden Labor Exchange, New York, giving description, nationality, sex, quality, etc., of the persons wanted, and he will be able to get precisely what he wants, quicker and cheaper than in any other way. And if any Georgian desires to import goods direct from Liverpool let him direct his correspondent, or send his order and money to Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co., with directions to ship his goods by the White Star Line via the Empire Line to the care of the agent of the Central railroad, Savannah, Ga., under agreement of R. J. Cortes, for the White Star Line, and Wm. R. Garrison, for the Empire Line, under date of New York, October 1, 1874, and he will get his goods cheaper and quicker than by any other route, and without taxing his fellow citizens for the result. The exception to this rule would be that a vessel coming direct to Savannah for cotton would generally take the freight as ballast for a mere nominal sum.

The climate and soil of Georgia are adapted to the profitable growth of the productions of almost all other countries, and the trouble with us is that the great mass of our agriculturists cannot yet get out of the old slavery-time ruts of planting Cotton, the most expensive crop made, is relied upon to buy nearly all we need; and thus our lands and stock are worn out in a ceaseless round of yearly efforts to make a living and keep the sheriff from the door. With such a system of agriculture it is impossible, as a rule, with some exceptions, for the planter to pay liberal wages or to make a fair profit upon his planting. With great industry and economy some are thriving even with this bad system of agriculture. But what we want is general thrift and prosperity, and this can only be attained by a change of our system of agriculture, which is the foundation and qualifying substance of our other industries.

We want to diversify our agricultural and other pursuits—raise everything, as far as possible, which we and our non-producing neighbors need, and let cotton be our surplus crop; rest and fertilize our exhausted lands; raise horses, cattle, sheep, swine; make butter and cheese; improve and beautify our homes, and surround them with the grains and grasses, the orchards and vineyards and gardens, the fruits and nuts and vegetables and flowers of almost every clime, making our glorious old state a very paradise on earth.

This is no exaggeration of our capabilities. Some of our planters are already moving in this direction, and they want, in common with all Georgians, good citizens from other states with means sufficient to buy homes and take care of themselves, and to aid in the development and share in the profits of these new agricultural industries. Of this class of citizens we cannot have too many, and thousands of them from the middle and northern and western states will be

The Atlanta Daily Constitution

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 1, 1877.

THE ELECTORAL COUNT.

The "mild and agreeable" Bradley is the fifth judge, and the great commission stands: Senators Thurman, Bayard, Morton, Frelinghuysen, Edmunds; Representatives Garfield, Hoar, Hunton, Abbott, Payne; Associate Justices Clifford, Field, Strong, Miller and Bradley. We confess ourselves satisfied with the court as it stands—that is, we are satisfied that as many fair-minded, high-minded men have been selected as the circumstances promised or afforded. It is generally thought that the fifteenth arbitrator will decide the case, and we have confidence that Justice Joseph P. Bradley will decide justly. He represents the south among the judges. The lawyers of the south know him, and few of them have reason to complain of his conduct. In fact, he has built up in the south a reputation both legal acumen and honesty of purpose. It was he who wrote the opinion declaring the enforcement act unconstitutional; and if he has ever rendered a partizan decision in the numerous cases that he has heard in the southern states, the fact has never come to our knowledge. If he can not be trusted to dispense justice, there is no use of expecting that commodity at official hands.

Judge Bradley is nearly sixty-four years of age. He was appointed from New Jersey in March 1870, by President Grant. Before his appointment he was more of a lawyer than a politician; and if he has not less love for politicians and parties than for law and lawyers we do not rightly estimate the man. He commands public confidence, and so do the other judges—even Judge Miller. They are judges, not partizans—in that is our best hope.

We do not expect the ten congressional members to sit strictly as judges. We expect them to act really as counsel before the five judges, who will practically decide the great case. If this view is correct, the democrats will have in Messrs. Bayard, Thurman, Abbott and Hunton four good advocates and strong constitutional lawyers. Mr. Payne is half lawyer and half banker. Gen. Eppa Hunton of Virginia is well known—nearly as well known as Mr. Bayard or Mr. Thurman. Judge Abbott is a Boston lawyer—one of the ablest in New England. He has several times received the compliment of a democratic nomination for United States senator. The democratic part of the tribunal is certainly strong.

On the other side are Morton, Edmunds, Frelinghuysen, Garfield and Hoar. We need expect but little comfort from these men—certainly none from Morton and Garfield, for either is incapable of a fair decision. Garfield went to New Orleans, and prepared a bitter report in which he declared that Hayes had carried the state. He was in collusion with the now prostrate returning board to steal the presidency. Mr. Frelinghuysen declares that the board cannot go behind the returns, and he is on record against Mr. Tilden's claims in the Oregon case. He should be put down with Morton and Garfield. Mr. Edmunds is a partisan. He declares that he thinks Mr. Hayes was elected, and that he will sustain every rightful claim of his friends. It is believed, however, that both he and Mr. Hoar will vote that the commission can and should go behind the face of the returns. This would open up the rotten Louisiana business, upon which Mr. Hoar is well informed. In 1874 he was chairman of a congressional investigating committee to probe the Louisiana question. He did probe it, and made a report which declared that the action of the returning board was "arbitrary, unfair and without warrant of law." The same men, with one exception, attempted to count in Hayes—the same old board. Mr. Hoar knows them. Mr. Hoar is a republican and he lives in Massachusetts, but he is an honest man. Of the five republican commissioners, he is the most surely to be trusted. In him is our best hope, beyond the five judges.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, Mr. Frank Richardson, who is usually well-informed, says:

It is understood not to be the purpose of the democrats to make any objection to the vote of South Carolina being counted for Hayes. It is understood that Senator Morton and others contemplate making an objection to the vote of Mississippi. Should this be done the house certainly and the senate possibly will decide not to sustain the objection, and the vote of course will be counted for Tilden. It has also been hinted that some of the republican senators and members intend objecting to the votes of both Georgia and Alabama on the general ground of fraud and intimidation. If this is done, the house will, as in the case of Mississippi, refuse to sustain the objections, and the votes will accordingly be counted. It is anticipated that every point of dispute which may come up, except the cases of Florida, Louisiana and Oregon will be decided by the two houses without difficulty during the Thursday's session, and that the cases only of Florida, Louisiana and Oregon will be referred for determination of the tribunal of arbitration.

The general belief at Washington, says the correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, "is that it is not now a question between Tilden and Hayes, but how to save Wheeler. It is thought that Florida will save Hendricks, and that the tribunal will award the Tilden and Hendricks electors that state, which event would throw up the entire 'jig' so far as the republicans are concerned. The recent testimony on the devilment of the Louisiana returning board is also in favor of the full democratic ticket. There is no way that the republicans can see by which they can get out. Their only hope is to have Florida and Louisiana given to Hayes and Wheeler, and Oregon declared to have cast but two electoral votes, which would make a tie. Then the house will elect Mr. Tilden and the senate Wheeler. This is the best the radicals see ahead, and their efforts will be directed to have it pan out this way. The democrats to-night are cheerful and sanguine; the republicans despondent and cast down."

The great political drama is in any event rapidly nearing its denouement; which will come, not amid the clash of arms but amid the contending voices of peaceful and harmless lawyers. As Grant disperses his battalions of artillery their numbers are supplanted lawyers from almost every section the union. Everybody has become a constitutional lawyer in the past three months, and nearly everybody seems to have become volunteer counsel in the great law suit that begins today. It almost takes the breath away think how near and yet how uncertain is its result.

Some of the correspondence of J. Madison Wells, of the Louisiana returning board, was aired yesterday. Similar dispatches casually remark that a dense cloud hangs over the returning board, and we trust that it is a cloud that has a silver lining for the democrats.

BRADLEY is the fifth judge. If he sticks to principle now as he did in the Grant parish cases, our Uncle Samuel is the coming man.

MR. STEPHENS.

The announcement of the death of Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, which, happily for the country and his friends, was premature, called forth a number of gratifying tributes to his worth, his fame and his character. It is not given to every man to survive the eulogies of the obituary writers, and for that reason what has been said of Mr. Stephens by those who sorrowed over the news of his death is not without a certain degree of interest to those who were early apprised of the fact that the announcement of the death of the great commoner was premature. The Athens Watchman says:

We stop the press to announce the death of Hon. A. H. Stephens, which sad event occurred in Washington City yesterday afternoon. Georgia will mourn the loss of "the great commoner."

The Griffin Press has this:

Intellectually a giant, and one of the most accomplished of American statesmen, he has for forty years been an important figure in the government. His political record is known to every Georgian, and indeed to the whole country. His private life has been no less remarkable than his public. Reared poor but having the advantages of education, he has devoted himself to being useful. His charities have been numerous, and he has spent thousands upon the young in educating them, and in contributing to the support of others. He died at Washington, where he went to battle for his country, even when he was not able to go.

The Rome Courier takes occasion to put its editorial page in mourning, and remarks:

The whole union will mourn this untimely event, for in his true, warm, patriotic heart the whole union had a devoted friend. The people of the south will mourn him for he was an ornament to southern statesmanship. The people of Georgia will mourn him as a father, for no father was more devoted to his children than was this great and good man to the interests of his people. He died at a ripe age but in the full vigor of his matchless intellect. He died literally 'in harness,' and at his post. His death was not wholly unexpected, but yet it is hard to realize that he is dead; that one so good, so true and so great is gone from among us, leaving a place that none can fill. We have not the full particulars of his death, but will give them in our next, together with a more fitting tribute to his memory and his great public worth.

The Nashville American, in an extended and sympathetic obituary, says:

In the death of Hon. Alexander Hamilton Stephens, a representative in congress from the state of Georgia, America loses one of its greatest statesmen. Mr. Stephens was born in Taliaferro county, Georgia, February 11, 1812, and was at the time of his death only a few days short of 65 years of age. He graduated at Franklin college, Athens, Georgia, at the age of 20, and at 22 began the practice of law at Crawfordville. In 1836, and for five successive terms he was elected to the state legislature, and in 1842 to the state senate. In 1843 he was elected to congress as a whig, and held his seat until 1859. In 1847 he introduced resolutions on the Mexican war which formed the platform of the whig party in the subsequent election. He opposed the Clayton compromise in 1848, and was a leading advocate of the compromise measures of 1850, and as chairman of the committee on territories, was a strong supporter of the famous Kansas-Nebraska bill.

Mr Stephens was thoroughly conversant with the history of the government he was a part of in one way or the other for forty years. His great work on the war between the states was a contribution to the history of opinions and of principles which will be of immense use to the future historian in preserving the truth. It is the state sovereignty doctrine coldly and calmly presented by a clear logical mind. It is irrefutable and accurate. It was designed as a contribution to future history, and to preserve the principles of the conflict that the motives of the south might not be misunderstood.

Mr. Stephens was strictly, perhaps, a great politician, a state craftsman rather than a great statesman. He was logical rather than philosophical. He was accurate but not broad nor profound, and without any such thing as sentiment. He was scrupulously honest and careful of his reputation as a public man, so that after forty years of public life he goes down to the grave with a name absolutely unsullied, leaving an enviable fame.

THE EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

Governor Colquitt yesterday very nearly completed the list of his appointments. The satisfaction given has been nearly universal. He has placed in office a good set of incumbents. Never before in the history of Georgia has there been so many worthy gentlemen seeking office, and we are glad to be able to say that never has there been so little grumbling over the result. Those who have been disappointed have generally taken it philosophically. This is as it should be. There is no power so difficult of adjustment and direction as the appointive power. There is no channel through which the executive is oftener or more wantonly assailed than through his appointments, or rather through his non-appointments.

There are some few disappointed office-seekers who are seeking to injure Governor Colquitt by aspersing his motives, and questioning the propriety of certain of his official actions. They do not directly state their cases. To do that would be to subject themselves to ridicule, and to render futile their assaults by exposing its animus. They even talk of looking to the constitutional convention, in a vague way to be sure, for sure action, that if it does not give them the prize they ask for, will revenge them on the man who first denied their assiduous suit.

We warn these malcontents that their work will bring them nothing but a recoil upon their own heads. The people of Georgia will not measure Colquitt's administration by such a compass as this. They will not condemn him to gratify the spleen of a half-dozen men. They will give him a careful and conscientious verdict based upon his work. If he conducts the public affairs intelligently, dispassionately and fairly, the people will see to it that his recompense is perfect. The clatter of the disappointed candidates will never be heard in the general verdict. They may think that they are making a very considerable howl. We notify them however that they are like a man crying for help in a cistern; it is a precious long time before the outside world hears him.

MR WALSH AND THE CONVENTION BILL

No better instance of the long training in legislative life could be afforded than was given by Mr. Walsh, of Richmond, in his action on the convention bill on Tuesday.

Through disagreements among the friends of the bill, and the opposition of its enemies, the bill, favored by a great majority of the people of Georgia, was in great danger of meeting defeat. The small squads of enemies that gathered about each amendment, swelled into an army that was nearly if not quite a majority of the house.

Appreciating the danger of his pet measure, Mr. Walsh, by a parliamentary stroke, at once cold and masterly, cut the bill clear of all entangling attachment, and threw it before the house on its merits. His attempt on Monday to restore the bill from the meshes that were thrown around it, was unsuccessful, but he persisted in his efforts, and on Tuesday succeeded in pushing the bill, with an amendment that is unimportant, through the house. The only amendment provides that the constitution shall be submitted to the people for their ratification. That the convention is a fixed fact, and that its beneficent work is assured to the people of Georgia, is due more to the skill, nerve and ability of Mr. Walsh than to any other one cause.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

The annual report of this veteran officer is the briefest of the year; but that fact should not be regarded as uncomplimentary—on the contrary, quite the reverse. Mr. Barnett omits all gush. "I have the honor," he says, "to submit the following report," and then he begins forthwith on the subject of "bonds issued."

He collected "as fees for work done during his term $2,179,' and paid the money into the treasury annually as required by law.

The secretary of state is also the surveyor general, and a good part of his report relates to grants and other land questions.

He reports all "grants" on record and in a good state of preservation. All grants, surveys, district and county maps have been carefully recorded and indexed.

"It appears," he says, "that several fractional lots of land in the fourth district of the first section of originally Cherokee, now Dawson, county, which fall immediately on the line of the gold regions, are the property of the state; some of which are believed to contain gold mines. A mine of value has been discovered on one of these and sufficiently located to prove it to be at least worthy of attention." I would respectfully suggest the propriety of donating these lands to the "North Georgia agricultural college," for the benefit of that worthy institution."

Further on he says: "The Georgia and Florida boundary line having been settled upon the Orr and Whitner survey, the limits of our real estate are very well defined, and we have no difficulty in determining by the records of this office the original title of our citizens to all the lands in the state. The most uncertainty exists on our seaboard, and a map and notes of the last coast survey by the general government, of our seacoast for the use of this office is desired."

COL. THOMAS L. SNEED.

The Augusta Chronicle & Sentinel has the following editorial about Col. Thomas L. Sneed, who is now here on business. He is a sterling gentleman and we endorse all that is said of him:

Among the gentlemen whom we recently had the pleasure of meeting in Atlanta was Colonel Thomas L. Sneed, of New York, who has been repeatedly employed by the state since the flight of Bullock, and who has rendered the state most important service. Colonel Sneed is a Virginian by birth, but was practicing law in Missouri at the commencement of the war of secession. He was an ardent southern man, and as such did not hesitate to cast his fortunes with his section. He entered the confederate army and occupied a high position on the staff of General Sterling Price. While in the army he was elected a member of congress from Missouri and took his seat, but without resigning his commission or quitting the service. At the close of the war Col Sneed, like thousands and tens of thousands of his companions in arms, found himself stripped of his property and was compelled to begin the world anew. He, with many other confederate officers, went to New York, and commenced the practice of law. In 1871-2, after the election of admocratic legislature and the flight of Bullock, a committee of the legislature was appointed to go to New York and investigate the validity of the millions of bonds issued during the radical regime. To this committee, which did the state of so much indebtedness, Col Sneed rendered valuable assistance as will be seen by the following extract from their report (p. 180):

"In submitting this, their report, the committee desire to express their grateful sense of the assistance given them while in New York by Col. Thomas L Sneed, commissioner for the state of Georgia. Much of the most valuable and controlling testimony, as will be seen, was secured in that city, and the prompt and tireless efforts of Col. Sneed to make the investigation availing, are not without their title to a share in this result.

Since that time the state has had many occasions to ask the assistance of Col. Sneed and through his means much has been done to reduce the obligations of the state, and to keep its credit unimpaired. Col. Sneed is a pronounced democrat, and in the last campaign rendered valuable service to the cause of constitutional government. Withal he is a cultivated, accomplished and genial gentleman.

ACADEMY FOR THE BLIND.

The twenty-fifth annual report of this institution is on our table. The trustees call attention to the want of water in case of fire, and ask for an increased appropriation to supply the deficiency.

The principal's report shows that the cost of maintaining the academy during the past year was $12,081. Increase and repairs of buildings cost $4,654 more. At the beginning of 1876 the number of pupils was 49; 8 were received during the past year; 6 left the institution, and 2 became assistant teachers—leaving the number of pupils 49 at the close of the year.

The main building is in excellent condition, and a well arranged workshop has been constructed of brick and stone. Prof. Williams thinks the buildings are now in better condition than ever before.

A printing house has been established in Louisville for the purpose of supplying the costly apparatus used in the education of the blind. Such an establishment has long been needed, and Prof. Williams urges the senators and representatives from Georgia to support a bill that looks to the endowment of this printing house by the general government. In this connection he says: "The blind is the only class of defectives that has not, hitherto, received aid in some form from the general government, and the endowment of this printing house would benefit an afflicted population numbering more than thirty thousand, in the way in which they could be best reached; both multiplying and cheapening, and in many respects furnishing to them a literature in their lonely, sedentary and isolated condition; and at the same time it will greatly reduce the expenses of the schools, and add facilities to their work."

The principal believes that an appropriation of $13,500 will sustain the academy this year. He closes his report with an expression "of profound gratitude and satisfaction over the healthful tone now prevailing in the academy—so free from discords and jarring elements—so full of harmony and good will."

MR. HILL'S SUCCESSOR.

We do not wish to be understood as interfering in the election to fill the vacancy in the ninth district. Several good men have been mentioned in connection with the office: Candler of Hall, Dorsey of Hall, Chastain of Gilmer, Speer of Clarke, and last, but not least, Turnbull of Banks. We will be satisfied with any of the above named men, because we know them to be sturdy men, and competent to discharge the duties of this office.

A correspondent signed Publius, in another column, suggests the name of Col. J. A. Billups, of Morgan, a gentleman known all over the state as a worthy and accomplished man. If he is selected the ninth will have one of the ablest representatives from the state, and we do not hesitate to say he will do as much as any man in the district for the people. Few men are his superiors in intelligence, and he is the soul of honor. We hope he may be selected as Mr. Hill's successor.

Obstinate minds surrender and admit, that the wonderful cures of Coughs, Colds and Bronchitis effected by Dr. J. H. McLean's Cough and Lung Healing Globules. This new way, new principle, producing a gas, going direct to the affected parts, is the only remedy. Trial vials 25c, by mail. Dr. J. H. McLean, 314 Chestnut, St. Louis.

JUDGE DAVIS' SUCCESSOR.

If Judge Davis holds on until the fourth of March, which we hope he will do, his vacancy will be filled by President Tilden. If he resigns before that day, Grant will fill the vacancy and John A. Logan will be the man. General McDonald, of St. Louis, the whisky man recently pardoned by Grant, would make as competent a judge as Logan—and it will be for the good of the whole country for Judge Davis to hold on until the fourth of March. Mr. Tilden will select a judge from the south. The south has had no representation on the bench since the death of Justice Wayne. If he makes the selection from the south, we call his attention to Georgia—and to Logan E. Bleckley, now on the supreme bench of Georgia. We have known him all our life. He is pure, just, able, upright, and the peer of any judge on the bench of the supreme court of the United States.

FACT AND COMMENT.

STRAUSS's latest operetta has the gay title, "Methusiah."

LITTLE girls are employed as pages in the Kansas legislature.

THE Japanese minister has named his infant daughter "Stumi."

TAKING success as a test of merit, Dion Boucicault is a much abler man than Shakespeare was.

THE soul Sergeant Bates is marching on; but his body is sawing wood in Illinois.

MR. FREDERIC MAY, during his stay in Washington city, was given a dinner by Mr. Sartoris.

THE wooden sidewalks of Vicksburg are being torn up and carried off for firewood.

IN New York they speak of running away to Canada as "retiring out of the province of the law."

A LEMON tree at Stanford, Fla., produced 6,000 lemons last year, some of which weighed a pound each.

A GENTLEMAN, speaking of the Tennessee legislature, says: "What it most requires are the services of a barber."

GRANT said some time ago that Logan's defeat would be a "national calamity." Showers of snakes are now liable to occur at any moment.

WHEN Conkling goes for Sherman the latter feels like an icicle on a water pipe. He doesn't know whether to hold on or thaw off.

AUERBACH has written a story called "The Hawk from America." There are lots of them who spend their time and money in Europe.

FREDERICK THE GREAT once cured a cantatrice of sore throat by sending four dragoons to conduct her to the military hospital.

QUEEN VICTORIA had her whole house hold vaccinated recently. Royalty have the same small pox that plebians do, astonishing as the statement may seem.

LET the bloody shirt be divided, and the pieces donated to Morton, Logan, Sherman, Boutwell *et id omne genus*, to remind them of departed glory.

MR. W. B. ASTOR was recently made Master Mason in Solomon's lodge, Jacksonville, Fla., during a session of the grand lodge at that place.

IF a handsomely dressed and attractive woman on reaching a watering place, descends from a stylish carriage, she will require no other ancestor.

NEW JERSEY'S new senator has been in the cattle trade for many years. He ought to be a good man to audit Robeson's Cattell accounts during the past few years.

THERE have been thirty-three speakers of the house of representatives, and five, Robert C. Winthrop, General Banks, Galusha A. Grow, Schuyler Colfax and Senator Blaine, are still alive.

THE population of Paris is officially announced as 1,986 748. In 1872 it was 1,854,794. The increase during the past four years has been chiefly in outlying arrondissements like Montmartre.

LIBRARIALLY speaking, Wisconsin is ahead of the east. A little man named Lyman C. Draper, not very robust, but of a thousand horse power, has built up a state library at Madison of 100,000 books in the last fifteen years.

Dr. O. W. Holmes once said to a class of students "Young gentlemen, I am here ostensibly to teach medical science, but in this world we are not expected to accomplish impossibilities—there is no such science."

MAJOR Powell represents the Indians as having a favorite little verse which freely translated would read:

If a man talk a very long time,
If a man talk a very long time,
If a man talk a very long time,
He will bore a hole into a stone.

THE mourners at the funeral of Mr. Hayes will certainly not be Conkling, Edmunds, Christiancy and Hoar. They will regret, no doubt, the defeat of the republican party, but thank God at the same time that it has been divorced thereby from such disreputables as Morton, and Chandler and Grant.

THE Easter Argus observes that as a maker of proclamations Packard is a success, as an enforcer of his authority he is not. The people of Louisiana pay about as much attention to him as to the alligators that inhabit the big bayou.

"I HAP COOKED," said Mr. Tilden's prize cook to Mr. Dorsheimer the other day, "for two great men, the emperor of Brazil and the governor of New York, and both of them want their dinner in the middle of the day, and eat him in twenty minutes." The kitchen functionary would find Grant's appetite a great comfort.

REPORTS from different sections show that a large grain crop has been planted in Georgia and South Carolina, and that the prospect is excellent for a fine harvest. With plenty of grain produced within her own borders, the south can be practically independent of the products of other sections.

HOMŒPATHY appears to be making headway in France. From statistics just published by the academy of science we learn that there are 70 homœpathic doctors in regular practice in Paris and over 300 in the provinces. Since 1869 three homœopathic hospitals have been founded—two in Paris and one in Lyons.

NEAR Epinal, France, three youngsters bought two quart bottles of brandy at the fair, and drank the whole between them within an hour, when they became insensible. The youngest, aged 13, died on being taken home; another, aged 16 expired a few hours later. The third, aged 17, recovered, and attended the funeral of his two comrades.

OLIVE LOGAN's husband, having been appointed consul in Wales, has thus far only learned that there are 80 00 words in the language and that every is the cabalistic motto which fetches the beer. The word must tend to produce economy in the consumption of the national beverage.

GAMBETTA is an invalid, and his physicians give him but two more years of life. But in spite of his suffering it is said that his oratory is like a flood of lava—a liquid stream of molten fire. He is all action; his voice rises and sinks with his emotions, but in the tempest and whirlwind of his passion he never loses his self-possession. With all his vehemence, Gambetta is logical and forcible in his reasoning, and in every respect a dangerous antagonist.

MUCH speculation is likely to be indulged in as to the position of Conkling and the republicans who have made such a gallant fight for the peace bill occupy towards the incoming Tilden administration. The New York Graphic takes it for granted that the distinguished senator from New York will have a voice and influence in Mr. Tilden's administration, if he does not become Mr. Tilden's right-hand man.

A word to the wise. If you are troubled with a cough or cold, procure a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup at once. Its use may save you from sickness. Your druggists keeps it. Price, 25 cents.

St. James Hotel, Florida.

This favorite House is now open. Passenger Elevator, good table and other appointments found in first-class Hotels. Special arrangements for rooms by the week or season. Rooms secured by mail or telegraph. Address J. R CAMPBELL, Manager. dec9—d2m

EXTRA CHOICE.

A first class Merchant can now secure that superb EXTRA CHOICE Store House next to Cohen & Selig's store room cor. Whitehall and Alabama streets. Favorable terms will be granted to an ACCEPTABLE lessee. Apply to MARCUS A. BELL & SON, Real Est. de Agents, jan31-d3t. Office No 1, Centennial Building.

GUANO!

PURE PERUVIAN and NOVA SCOTIA LAND PLASTER for sale by E. G. LAY, No 141 Bay street, west of Bichmond. jan31-d1m SAVANNAH, Ga.

Ten Cent Column.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion. All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance, and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

WANTED—Everybody to know that Madam A. A. Smith, the Queen and Star of Fortune Tellers, is now at 119 Decatur street. Look for the Sign of Two Ladies. feb1-d3t,he

WANTED—For a Cotton Mill near Atlanta, Three or Four Pitchers and Rollers. Apply to T. P. Barnett, corner Pryor and Hunter Sts. feb1—d1w

WANTED—A situation by one competent man, either as book keeper, cashier or correspondent. Has also a thorough knowledge of Cotton and general business. Moderate salary expected. Address P. G., this office. jan26—d1w

FOR SALE—A magnificent SUGAR PLANTATION and TWENTY-TWO THOUSAND ACRES Wild Lands on the St. JOHN'S RIVER and EAST COAST OF FLORIDA. Most eligibly located. Walker & Boyd, in James' Bank. jan31-m2w

NOTICE—Have you got a good second-hand one-horse Phaeton, or do you wish to Exchange for a good second-hand Top Buggy. Call on W. R. W. W. & A. R. R. Stores, January 30th, 1877. jan31 - d1w

LOST—A Child's Chain Bracelet, marked C A L. from W. A. B. A $5 00 reward will be paid if left at 34 Luckie street. jan 0—d3t

FOR SALE OR RENT—A good residence, centrally located and in first class neighborhood. J. G. Reynolds, at Maddox & Rucker's store. jan25—d1f

FERTILIZER.—I will have for sale "STRONG'S AMMONIATED DISSOLVED BONES," the highest grade article offered in this market. Testimonials of the highest character. Send in your orders. The supply will be limited to 500 tons. Cotton option 15 cents per pound. C. H. Strong, corne. Marietta and Broad streets. jan33-d1f

FOR RENT—A very desirable Store House in James' Block for rent. Apply to Snead & Co. jan23—d1tfeb1

WANTED—Good Traveling Agents to sell an article that is used in every business house; also, one used in all dwellings. Apply or write enclosing stamp, to Dr J. H. Morey, Cannon House, 8 to 10 a. m. jan17-d1f

Professional Cards.

B. L. BERNER. C. A. TURNER.

BERNER & TURNER,

Attorneys at Law

FORSYTH, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in all the Courts, and give special attention to the collection of claims. Refer to Wm. H. Bard, Banker, Forsyth, Ga., Dumas & Allen, Cotton Factors, Forsyth, Ga. feb1,1877—dly

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office, No 5 Kimball House, First Floor,

Atlanta, - - - Georgia.

SPECIAL ATTENTION to Cases arising under the Commercial Law. feb1— aug29,1876—dly

New Advert sements.

By JOYNER & ELLIS.

Very Handsome Parlor Furniture AT AUCTION.

ON Saturday, 3rd inst, 10½ o'clock, we will sell in front of store on Peachtree Row the following: Consisting of Tetees, 6 Chairs, Marble top Center Table, nine new Brussels Carpets, Bedroom Carpets, Stair Carpet, Piano, Extension and other Tables, a good assortment of desirable Furniture, Groceries, Clothing, &c. Also, a fine Secretary and Book Case. feb1—d3t.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

PEACHTREE RESIDENCE.

I WILL sell upon the premises on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock, a lot on the corner of Peachtree and Currier streets. 50x200 feet, upon which is an 8 room house, besides basement, stable, barn, etc. It is well shaded by beautiful native trees. This is a well known place, formerly occupied by Judge Ho kins. Has water pipes, gas and street cars all at the door and situated in one of the very best and most fashionable neighborhoods in the city. Mrs Howell will show the premises to parties desiring to examine it. Free ride to the sale and back. Titles perfect. Terms: ¼ cash; balance in 3 and 6 months, with 10 per cent. interest. G. W. ADAIR. feb1—d3t

Libel for Divorce.

E H Smith vs. Tyrus T. Smith—Libel for Divorce—In Fulton Superior Court—October Term, 1876.

IT appearing to the Court from the return of the Sheriff in the above cause that the defendant is not to be found in said county, and further that said defendant resides out of the State of Georgia.

It is ordered that defendant show cause, if any he has, on or before the first day of the next term of his court why the prayer of the petitioner and libellant should not be granted under the law.

And it is further ordered that this order be published by the Clerk of this Court once a month for four months preceding next term in THE CONSTITUTION, a public gazette in this State, published in the city of Atlanta, in said county.

Done in open Court 3d November, 1876. C. PEEPLES, Judge S. C. A. C.
LYON & NISBET, Petitioners Attorney.

A true extract from the minutes of Fulton Superior Court.
nov 0—d4m4m WM. H. VENABLE, D. C.

JAMES A. WATSON

IS offering a large lot of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods at and below cost. Also, $,000 worth of Dress Goods, from 25 to 50 per cent less than manufacturers' prices. This is no humbug. Call and examine for yourself. Terms strictly cash.

Jan28 d1w No 77 Whitehall street.

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE **ONLY GOOD SAUCE,** and applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at WORCESTER, May 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and in my opinion the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Worcestershire Sauce

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE IS ON EVERY BOTTLE.

Lea & Perrins

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, July14—d1awsdy,ox2 NEW YORK.

POSTPONED SALE.

Administratrix's Sale.

C. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

BY virtue of an order of the Honorable Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, I will sell on the premises on the first Tuesday in February next, at two o'clock p. m., a lot on Marietta and state streets, Atlanta, containing six acres, more or less, adjoining the lot of Randall on the east. Also, a small strip of land between Marietta street and the Western and Atlantic Railroad, on which there is a small store house and blacksmith shop, which said real estate will be divided to suit purchaser and may be seen in plats before sale. Said real estate is a part of land lot No. 81 of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county. Sold as the property of the estate of Wm. C. Moore, deceased, for the benefit of heirs and creditors. Terms: One-third cash; balance one and two years with ten per cent interest.

MARY J. MOORE, Administratrix
Atlanta, December 4, 1876.
jan7—d1an7&feb6,d w tf

ESTABLISHED 1812

(Wound on White Spools.)

GEORGE A. CLARK, Sole Agent.

A full assortment of this celebrated brand of SPOOL COTTON can now be had at the Popular Dry Goods House of

H. C. & J. F. KISER & CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.

P. S.—All our customers supplied with CLARK'S O. N. T. WRAPPING PAPER, FREE OF CHARGE, on application.

dec28—d1m5o H. C. & J. F. KISER & CO.

Vegetables! Vegetables!

NEW CABBAGES & TURNIPS

AT

J. M. B. CARLTON & SON'S

124 Marietta st. Depot.

Will receive Fresh Supplies Every Day.

jan25—d1m1f,3mos

Printing.

PRINTING! PRINTING!

BOOK and JOB PRINTING.

V. P. SISSON & CO.

26 Broad Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Neat--Cheap--Prompt

EVERYTHING PRINTED IN THE BEST STYLE OF THE ART--FROM A CARD TO A POSTER.

Mercantile and Railroad PRINTING.

Letter Heads, Bill Heads,
Pamphlets, Envelopes,
Cards, Tags, Statements,
Handbills, Posters,
Programmes, Receipts,
Bank Checks, Drafts,
Notes, Bonds,
Diplomas, Catalogues,
School Circulars, &c., &c.

LEGAL BLANKS

of the latest and most approved forms always on hand.

All the Forms in Bankruptcy, including Assignees' Title Deeds.

☞ *Orders from abroad will have prompt attention. Address,*

V. P. SISSON & CO.,
No. 26 Broad St.,
V. P. SISSON, B. F. BENNETT. } *Atlanta, Ga.*

Amusements.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,

Monday & Tuesday, Feb 5th & 6th

First appearance in this city of the young and brilliant dramatic artiste

MISS MARY ANDERSON,

who will appear under the management of Mr. John T. Ford, aided by the popular actors,

Mr. Geo. C Boniface,
Mr. Cyril Searl,

Late leading Man at the Park Theater N. Y., and

Miss Annis Montague,

(late Prima Donna of the Kellogg English Opera Company) and a

First-class Dramatic Company.

Monday Evening, Feb. 5th.

Miss ANDERSON as "JULIET" in Shakespear's Love Tragedy,

Romeo and Juliet,

Tuesday Evening, Feb. 6th,

Miss Anderson as Lady Macbeth.
Miss Annis Montague as
The Singing Witch.

The Sale of Secured Seats will commence on Friday, February 2d, at Phillips & Crew's. Secured Seats $1 50. Admission $1 00. Gallery, fifty Cents. jan30—d1w

Dry Goods and Clothing.

THE OLD RELIABLE STORE

—OF—

M. MENKO & BRO

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Clothing Dry Goods

—AND—

Furnishing Goods.

WE are now daily receiving our large and elegant new stock of goods just from market. We shall expect all of our old customers to trade with us, and many new ones.

We will make it to the interest of the public to deal with us.

M. MENKO & BRO.,
Corner Whitehall and Alabama streets,
sept7-6m Opposite James' Bank

MERCHANTS'

Inland Route for Florida.

NO SEA SICKNESS.

THE MAGNIFICENT STEAMER

J. B. SCHUYLER,

Captain L. W. BURNS.

BEING elegantly fitted up with state rooms and every convenience of a first class hotel, will sail from Padelford's wharf, Savannah, Georgia, on SATURDAY, December 9, 1876, at 10 o'clock a. m., and every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY thereafter at same hour, landing at Doboy, Darien, St. Simon's, Brunswick St. Mary's, Fernandina and Jacksonville, connecting with all points on the upper St. John's and Ochlawaha rivers; and at Darien with steamer Halcyon for Oconee and Ocmulgee rivers on a through tariff. Returning leaves Jacksonville every Thursday and Monday.

Through tickets issued North for any points in Florida will be received for passage, including meals and state rooms.

Freight taken at lowest rates, and received at all times.

Cash will be paid for all purchases on account of this steamer. Parties are therefore cautioned against contracting any bills for her account.

On her Wednesday trip Schuyler will run through to Palatka only, touching at Jacksonville and points on the St. Johns. On her Saturday trips will stop at all Landings named above.

J. S. LAWRENCE,
General Agent, Savannah,
J. W. HANCOX,
Proprietor.
jan28—d3mo

Send for Price List

OF the CHEAPEST and the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE LOT of

Grape Vines & Fruit Trees

In the South. CLARK & BURKHART,
jan30—d2w Covington, Ga.

WINSHIP IRON WORKS, SAWMILLS, GRIST MILLS, MILLGEARING, SHAFTING, PULLEYS &c. HORSE POWERS, SUGAR CANE MILLS.

THE CELEBRATED WINSHIP COTTON GIN.

THE WINSHIP COTTON PRESS FOR STEAM, HORSE OR HAND POWER.

ADDRESS WINSHIP & BRO. ATLANTA, GA.

Business Directory.

A. A. MASSEY,

Attorney at Law,

DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the counties of Douglas, Campbell, Carroll, Cobb and Paulding, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. jan30,1877—12m

E. P. SCOTT & CO.,

3 Exchange Court, New York,

Bankers & Merchants.

BUY and Sell Stocks, Bonds and Gold on Commission. Also, contracts for future delivery of Cotton. jan28—d6m,b'd

Business Cards.

Marietta Chair Factory,

MARIETTA, GEORGIA

BRUMBY & MYERS, Proprietors.

THE best standard Chair and the lowest prices guaranteed. Send for our reduced price list and photographs before securing your orders elsewhere. aug27—3m,e30,1877

L. L. THOMASSON,
DEALER IN

Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,

FLOUR &c. Market street, Chattanooga, Tennessee. New Fire proof Warehouse at foot of Market street. apr30,1876—dly

Dentists.

HOLLAND & GRENSHAW,

DENTISTS.

Office, 33 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. June1 7, 1876—dly

L. D. CARPENTER,

Dentist,

No. 47 WHITEHALL STREET, Atlanta Georgia.

D. SMITH,

Dentist.

Office 66 and Residence 178 Whitehall Street ATLANTA, GEORGIA. nov28,1876—dly

DR JAS. ALLEN LINE,

Dentist,

63 WHITEHALL, corner of Hunter street. Residence 43 Cooper street. jan10, 1s77-d6m

Lawyers.

POPE BARROW,

Attorney at Law,

ATHENS, GEORGIA. june25,1876-dly

AUGUSTUS M. REINHARDT. | THOMAS J. HOOKS.

REINHARDT & HOOKS,

Attorneys at Law,

Corner Peachtree and Wall streets, No. 3 up stairs, opposite National Hotel.

STRICTEST attention given to the collection and litigation of claims. Collections promptly made in any

IN THE MORNING.

AFTER THAT WALTZ OF VON WEBER'S.

"Lex scripta, the written, the written, the statute;
Non scripta, the unwritten law,
Bacon and Blackstone said, not only the customs
Of certain and certain, and certain"—O pshaw!

Here, now I am reading this chapter of Blackstone
To the time, to the time, of the waltzes last night;
Von Weber, Von Weber, and Blackstone, and Blackstone!
I wonder why waltzes won't stop after light.

Ah, me! how we floated together, together
Adown and adown the bright depths of the room;
All under and under the wreathings of banners,
And into pet'unpoland of bloom and of bloom.

As one and as one—and our soul the mad music—
Her heart beating time unto mine, u nto mine,
We waltzed away, waltzed away, out of the finite,
Afar and afar into—Bosh! it is nine,

And here is by Blackstone awaiting my pleasure—
Ah! well! I suppose it is time now for it!
I forgot in the dance, I was briefless, and now I'll
Forgot the dance, too—"*Lex scripta*, the writ."
—*F. H. Robertson.*

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—It is said that Colonel Randall, of the Augusta Constitutionalist, attended the circus sale in that city with a hunk of fresh meat in his pocket. We have always agreed that a man ought to go armed.

—Thomasville claims the finest hotel outside of the huger cities.

—It is stated that a heavy pressure will be brought to bear on Turnbull, of Banks, to induce him to run for congress in the ninth district.

—In response to numerous contributions having for their purpose the congratulation of Mr. Hill on his election, we would state seven hundred and eleven telegrams were forwarded to the new senator before the applause had died away in the lobbies.

—Richardson, of the Savannah News, is having a new buckeye polished.

—The Hinesville Gazette seems to have disappeared.

—A well known citizen says—and says it boldly—that the desire to hold office is the only incentive that a man has now-a-days to become a statesman. It is well there is some incentive, otherwise the race of statesmen would soon become extinct—and it is well-known that statesmen are right clever people—always harmless and sometimes useful.

—Turnbull, of Banks, says he wants the state officers to live within their means. This is a right good idea, but who is to buy their children Christmas presents.

—Miss Mary Anderson is drawing fine houses in Georgia.

—Altred, West Point—Miss Annie Logan is unmarried. But if you can't write poetry and your eyelids are not fringed with the remains of last night's dreams, it will be useless for you to squander any postage stamps in the direction of Covington. It is much easier to drive a yoke of oxen through a black-jack thicket than to be a roundshoulderd poet.

—Ashley, Savannah—You are mistaken about editors. It is not absolutely necessary to the safety of the country for an editor to be even with his washerwoman. Nine times out of ten the men who mould public opinion are fra'd to meet their landlords in the entry-way.

—The governor offers a reward of five hundred dollars for the arrest of the incendiaries who burned the gin-house of Mr. J. D. Frederick, in Macon county, last December.

—Three professors of three-card monte fell into the hands of the Philistines in Butler the other day.

—Mr. Richard W. B. Munro, an old citizens of Columbus, is dead.

—Mr. Michael B. O'Callaghan, of Clarkesville, was recently shot and killed by a young man named Griggs.

—Two negro desperadoes have been arrested in Athens for assaulting Mr. Hugh McCabe.

—The Covington Star remarks: "Mr. Sam W. Small, one of the best newspaper writers in Georgia, has discontinued the publication of his papers, the daily Evening Telegram and Sunday Herald, and is now engaged as one of the editors of the CONSTITUTION. We are sorry the Telegram is dead, but we are glad to know Mr. Small has returned to his first love—the CONSTITUTION."

—Mrs. A. K. Ramsey, an estimable lady, of Murray county, is dead.

—A negro incendiary has been arrested in Macon. The constable had to shoot him before he would submit.

—The fine dwelling house of Mr. A. L. Hartridge, at Beaulieu, near Savannah, was destroyed by fire recently. The loss is about $20,000.

—The total amount realized by the sale of the circus in Augusta was $52,-680 50, everything except two horses having been bought by a Mr. Parks.

—Georgia items from the New York World: About 8 o'clock on Wednesday night, the 23d instant, a young man who described himself as Wm. Wright, aged twenty-six, residing at Madison, Georgia, applied to the Gregory street station house in Jersey City. He was accommodated and said that he had been "shanghaied" from Savannah on December 1. He said that his father is a wealthy liquor dealer in Madison, and he had left his father's house early in December to go into a mercantile house in Savannah. Shortly after his arrival there he was enticed into a sailor's saloon and became insensible after drinking. When he went into the saloon he had two hundred dollars in his pocket, and when he recovered consciousness he was out at sea on board the ship Eureka, of Richmond, Me., without a cent. He was obliged to put up with the fare of a sailor, though he was sick a greater portion of the time. Capt. Woodward, of the Eureka, told him he had been shipped by a boarding house agent as an able bodied seaman, and that he was drunk when he came aboard.

—Sidney Herbert in Savannah News: I have just had a glance at some of the illustrations recently engraved for Col. E. Y. Clarke's "History of Atlanta." They are very attractive indeed, and as the volume will contain about one hundred such engravings, including public buildings, churches and private residences, it will, in reality, be an illustrated history of the "Gate City." Then we have an assurance that the typographical execution of the work will be equal to its literary excellence, as it is to be published by the well-known and extensive Franklin steam publishing house of this city, whose facilities for such a job as this are unequalled by any similar establishment in the state. Col. Clarke's ready and cultivated pen will prepare a history worthy this progressive and important city, and the Franklin will give it to the public in the very best style of typography.

—Darien Gazette: In reply to a letter written by us to Col. F. J. Smith, lessee Georgia penitentiary, several days since the colonel says: "Tunis Campbell was discharged on the 5th and left for Atlanta. When asked if he intended to return to McIntosh, said he would go to Atlanta before he determined what he would do. Campbell has manifested, I hear, his intention to prosecute those that sent him to the penitentiary or those that prosecuted him. My impression is Campbell was undetermined when he left what he would do. The principal keeper, when he inspected my camp last, gave Campbell a short lecture, advising him not to return to McIntosh when his term expired and he was discharged to which Campbell replied that rested with his God and himself, and thanked the principal keeper for his advice." Col. Smith says he never handled a more faithful prisoner than Tunis Campbell—he was very prompt in discharging all duties imposed on him, and he thinks is satisfied that the Georgia penitentiary is an institution to all penal'ties one ought to avoid. Colonel S. says that Campbell manifested great anxiety at his discharge, and was as prompt in his departure as in discharging duties imposed upon him while in prison. Colonel Smith says he did not hear Campbell make any threats of prosecuting parties in McIntosh; only heard of it. We think it very doubtful if the old man ever comes back to Darien to live any more.

What the Billous Require.

Since torpidity of the liver is the chief cause of its disorder, it is evident that what the billous requires is an alterative stimulant which will arouse it to activity, an effect that is followed by the disappearance of the various symptoms indicative of its derangement. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters invariably achieves the primary result mentioned, besides removing the constipation, flatulence, heart-burn, yellowness of the skin and whites of the eyes, pain in the right side and under the right shoulder, nausea, vertigo and sick headache, to which billous invalids are peculiarly subject. As a remedy for chronic indigestion, mental despondency and nervousness, and as a renovant of lost vigor, a means of arresting premature decay, and a source of relief from the intermittence to which the gentler sex is peculiarly subject, they may be thoroughly relied upon.

jan19 d&wlw

Specia Notices.

Keep's Custom Shirts made to measure,
The very best, 6 for $9, delivered free everywhere
Keep's Patent Partly-Made Dress Shirts,
The very best, 6 for $7, delivered free everywhere
An elegant set of Gold plate collar and sleeve
Buttons given with each half dozen Keep's shirts.
Samples and full directions mailed free to any address
Merchants supplied at a small commission on cost.
Trade circulars mailed free on application
Keep Manufacturing Co., 165 Mercer St., New York
jan21—deod&wly

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Vital weakness or depression: with exhausted feeling, no energy or courage: the result of **mental over-work, indescretion or excesses,** or some drain upon the system, is always cured by **HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28.** It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price, $1 00 per single vial, or $5 00 per package of five vials and $6 00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address **HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY.**
562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
aug28—deod&wly

Thrash's Consumptive Cure.

Messrs. J. T. Thrash and Company, Griffin, Ga
GENTS—My sister, Mrs. Della Williams, has been confined to her bed from Lung disease for more than a year. After taking one bottle of your Consumptive Cure and using balance of the bottle she is able to ride horseback ten miles to Gutledge and take care to Newnan, Ga., and now considers herself entirely cured after using the second bottle. Yours truly,
A. V. WILLIAMS.
Sold by all druggists and at wholesale by Hunt Rankin & Lamar

Humphrey's Specifics.

THE MILD POWER
CURES
HUMPHREYS'
HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS
Been in general use for twenty years
Everywhere proved the most SAFE
SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT
Medicines known. They are just what
The people want, saving time and money
Averting sickness and suffering. Each
Single specific the well tried prescription of an eminent physician.

		Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	50
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	50
3.	Cry-Ing-Colic, or Teething Of Infants,	50
4.	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults,	50
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	50
6.	Cholera, Morbus, Vomiting,	50
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	50
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Face-ache,	50
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache Vertigo,	50
10.	Dyspepsia, Biliousness Stomach,	50
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	50
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	50
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	50
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	50
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	50
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, Acute or Chronic Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, Violent Coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and Scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, Wetting the Bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, with Spasms,	50
32.	Sufferings at Change of Life,	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions	1 00

FAMILY CASES.

Case (Morocco) with above 35 large vials and Manual of Directions, $10 00
Case (Morocco) of 20 large vials and Book, 6 00
These remedies are sent by the case or single vial to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address
Humphreys' Specific Homeopathic Medicine Co.,
Office and Depot, No. 562 BROADWAY, New York.
For Sale by all Druggists,
C. OLLIER & VENABLE,
THEO. SCHUMANN,
Agents for Atlanta.
jan23—deod&wly-n-tmr

ALLCOCK'S
Porous Plasters
Ask for ALLCOCK'S, and obtain them, & so avoid WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.
B. BRANDRETH, Pres't,
Office, 294 Canal St., New York
nov28—d&wsm,top,col,nrx,r,m

Relief for the Afflicted.

DR. RICE,
37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,
A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will show.
Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.
Spermatorrhea and Impotency,
as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Nocturnal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured.
SYPHILIS promptly cured and entirely eradicated from the system.
Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia (or Rupture), Hydrocele and other private diseases quickly cured.
It is well-known that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.
Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.
Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.
PRIVATE COUNSELOR
Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.
aug2—d&wly

MARRIAGE SECRETS,
An Illustrated Work of 200 pages, a private counsilor for the married or single, on the mysteries of the human system, in sickness or health. Latest discoveries in the science of reproduction; how to truly happy in married relations. Male and female, young and middle aged should read and preserve it. Contains information, which no one can afford to be without, cost or how to preserve the health, and complete analysis of the causes, symptoms and means to cure of the secret diseases of both sexes. Only book of the kind ever published, and is complete in every respect. Send for it now. Sent to any address, by mail, in plain wrapper, for 25 cents. Address, T. W. DOHANNAN, North Fifth street, Marriage Guide Illustrated with numerous engravings from life touches on all the delicate subjects that should be known by Courtship, Marriage, &c. Physiologies! Mysteries and Revelations of the Sexual system, how to entice the affections of the opposite sex, who should marry, the requirements to marriage, their natures and cure. Treats on all Diseases, fully explaining the causes, symptoms and means to cure of the above diseases in plain English, so that every one can understand it, and is complete in every respect. Send for it now. Sent to any address, by mail, in plain wrapper, for 25 cents. Address, T. W. DOHANNAN, North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo.

DR. BUTTS.
DISPENSARY, No. 12 N. Eighth st. ST. LOUIS, MO.
Thirty years experience in the treatment of Sexual & Chronic Diseases of both sexes.
BUTTS' Marriage Guide;
A Physiological Treatise of Marriage for the married and those contemplating it, on the mysteries of reproduction and the secret infirmities of youth and womanhood. All married people, or those contemplating marriage, should read it. All married people, or those contemplating marriage, should read it. Sent under seal for 50 cts.
A Special Medical Treatise on all diseases of a Private Nature in both sexes, the abuses and ill effects of the use of mercury, and the most odious, illustrated with engravings, sent under seal for 25 cts.
MEDICAL ADVICE on Sexual and Chronic Diseases Seminal Weakness, Catarrh, Cancer, Rupture, the Opium, Liquor and Tobacco Habits, &c., &c., 50 pages to cent under seal for 10 cts. Any of the three books sent for 25 cts. 450 pages of everything one knowing on the subject, for 50 cts., secured sealed on receipt of 60 cts. Address DR. B. BUTTS, Dispensary No. 12 N. 8th st., St. Louis, Mo.

PRESCRIPTION FREE.
FOR THE SPEEDY CURE of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excesses. Any druggists has the ingredients.
Address Dr. JAQUES & CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.
dec8.1876 d&wly

MARRIAGE GUIDE
An Illustrated Work of 200 pages, a private counsilor for the married or single, on the mysteries of the human system, in sickness or health. Latest discoveries in the science of reproduction; how to truly happy in married relations. Male and female, young and middle aged should read and preserve it. Contains information, which no one can afford to be without, cost or how to preserve the health, and complete analysis of the causes, symptoms and means to cure of the above diseases in plain English, so that every one can understand it, and is complete in every respect. Send for it now. Sent to any address, by mail, in plain wrapper, for 25 cents. Address, T. W. DOHANNAN, North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo.
Marriage Guide Illustrated with numerous engravings from life touches on all the delicate subjects that should be known by Courtship, Marriage, &c. Physiologies! Mysteries and Revelations of the Sexual system, how to entice the affections of the opposite sex, who should marry, the requirements to marriage, their natures and cure. Treats on all Diseases, fully explaining the causes, symptoms and means to cure of the above diseases in plain English, so that every one can understand it, and is complete in every respect. Send for it now. Sent to any address, by mail, in plain wrapper, for 25 cents. Address, T. W. DOHANNAN, North Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

$2500 A YEAR. AGENTS WANTED on our Grand Combination Prospectus, representing
150 DISTINCT BOOKS
wanted everywhere. **The Biggest Thing Ever Tried.** Sales made from this when all single Books fail. Also, Agents wanted on our MAGNIFICENT FAMILY BIBLES. Superior to all others. With invaluable **Illustrated Aids and Superb Bindings.** These Books Sell the World Around. Full particulars free. Address **JOHN E. POTTER & CO., Publishers, PHILADELPHIA.**

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

25 Extra Fine mixed Cards, with name, 10 cts., post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N. Y.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents Samples FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$500 A MONTH to Active Men selling our Ladies' Copying Book. No press or water used. Sample copy worth $3 00 free. Send stamp for circular to **WILSON MF'G CO**, 99 Madison, and 132 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

WANTED—Men to Wholesale to Merchants. $90 a month and traveling expenses paid. Gem Manufacturing Co., St. Louis, Mo.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine
jan2—d&w4w

To Continental and Security Life Insurance Co's Policy Holders.

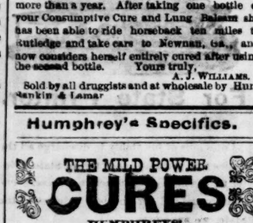
Mr. Sheppard Homans, Actuary of New York, offers the benefit of his experience and position to any policy holders of the above named companies, and will act as their attorney in settlement of their claims, without any charge for his services. Call upon or address H. M. FRIEND, Mobile, Alabama.

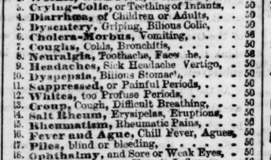
Newspaper Advertising Agents.
GEO. P. ROWEL & CO., 41 PARK ROW, N. Y.
They have the satisfaction of controlling the most extensive and complete advertising connection which has ever been secured, and one which would be hardly possible in any other country but this. They have succeeded in working down a complex business into so thorough a systematic method that no change in the newspaper system of America can escape notice, while the widest information upon all topics desirable to advertisers is placed readily at the disposal of the public.—*Extract from N. Y. "Times," June 14, 1875*
Send for a Circular.
jan30—d&wsw

HEADQUARTERS
FOR
Reliable Paints,
OILS, VARNISHES, &c.
WE have the agency of the St. Louis White Lead
"Red Seal Brand,"
and will sell it in lots at Factory Prices with freight added. Purchasers should be careful as there are several imitations in the market. Buy only of RELIABLE LEADERS
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

LANDRETH'S
Fresh Garden Seeds.
PURCHASERS who desire good Seed should avoid the common commissioned goods which are kept on hand one to five years or until sold. We have a large assorted stock of Landreth's Seed Crop of 1876.
HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
No. 11 Pryor street.
jan 6—dtf

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer
Postponed Executor's Sale.
BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Greene county, Georgia, will be sold before the Court House door in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in February next, within the legal hours of sale, one unimproved lot in the city of Atlanta, adjoining A. K. Seago's brick store, fronting on Mitchell street twenty-five feet and running back 110 feet to an alley, sold for the benefit of the heirs of Green Moore, deceased, of Greene county, Georgia. Terms of sale cash. December 19th, 1876.
J. N. ARMOR,
J. W. MOORE,
Executors of Green Moore, deceased.
jan2—d&wtds

HOW DA SHINE

A GREAT DISCOVERY.
By the use of which every family may give their Linen that brilliant polish peculiar to fine laundry work. Saving time and labor in ironing, more than its entire cost. Warranted. Ask for Dobbins'.
DOBBINS, BRO., & CO.,
13 N. Fourth st., Philadelphia
P. & T. DODD & CO., Sole Agents, Atlanta
ap 1 d&wtf

STEAM-ENGINES!

More effective and more complete, and more readily adapted to the various mechanical and agricultural uses than any other in the market. Practical improvements accumulated from twenty year's manufacturing experience with reputation unmatched and success established.
Send for Circulars, descriptive, and containing testimonials concerning our **Portable Stationary, and Agricultural Steam Engines.**
WOOD, TABER & MORSE
EATON, MADISON CO., N. Y.
nov12 d3m4w3m

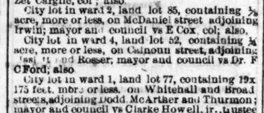
GUANO.
GEO. W. SCOTT & CO.
No 11 Broad street, ATLANTA.
AGENTS FOR
STONO PHOSPHATE COMPANY,
OF CHARLESTON, S. C.,
Offer for Cash, Secured Paper or Cotton,
STONO
AMMONIATED SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE.
ALSO,
Stono Acid Phosphate for Composting.
THESE Fertilizers are carefully prepared under the special supervision of our Chemist, Dr. St. Julien Ravenel, at the works near Charleston, who spares no effort to keep up that HIGH STANDARD, which has won for them such a WIDE REPUTATION.
The ELEMENTS of the FOSSIL BONES and NODULES OF PHOSPHATE, which form the basis of these Fertilizers can be seen at our office, No. 11 BROAD STREET, ATLANTA.
jan16—dtf&w2m&wtm

HARRY ERSKINE. HENRY P. SHACKELFORD.
NEW AUCTION HOUSE.
Krouse & Shackelford,
No. 32 PEACHTREE STREET,
Atlanta.....Georgia,
HAVE OPENED AN
Auction and Commission House
FOR the sale of Steel Retats, Pianos, Household and Kitchen Furniture and of Merchandise generally. PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN to BANKRUPT S. E., and to goods damaged by fire.
Our Motto, Quick Sales & Prompt Returns.
We respectfully solicit Consignments. Refer to Merchants and citizens generally.
Parties having Real Estate for sale or Real estate to sell to please call or write.
KROUSE & SHACKELFORD,
H. P. SHACKELFORD, Auctioneer.
jan21—dtf&wtm

Undertakers.

C. H. SWIFT, Ag't
FOR
C. H. Jones and W. D. Luckie,
DEALER in Metallic and Wooden Burial Cases and Cases. The only house in the city that sells the celebrated "Fisk Patent Metallic Burial Caskets and Cases."
Bodies preserved by the freezing process. Orders from abroad, by telegram or letter promptly attended to. oct15 d1y

BOHNEFELD & BLILEY,
Undertakers & Cabinet Makers,
Cor. of Marietta and Forsyth Streets,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.


WE have now and will keep constantly on hand the best assortment of Coffins, Burial Cases and Caskets, with burial trimmings on the "OLD FIRM" principles, and decidedly "Superior" in style, workmanship, finish, and the most elegant production of the art.
With greatly reduced prices. The Manufacturing by Evans, Brent & Co., the leading house in the United States.
Hearses and Carriages furnished in any style and quantity, at the lowest rates.
All orders from or abroad will have prompt attention and our person supervision.
Gilt-Edge Furniture, Wood Carving and Patterns, made to order.
CHARLES BOHNEFELD,
jan23—eod1y FRANCIS X BLILEY.

Marshal's Sales for February, 1877.

WILL be sold before the city hall door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in February, 1877, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, levied on by the city marshal to satisfy tax fi fas issued by order of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, for city taxes for the year 1876:
Levied on a fi fa on city lot in ward 1, land lot 85, containing 50x180 feet, more or less, on Walker street, adjoining the property of Bettis and an alley. Levied on as the property of John B. Bells to satisfy a tax fi fa for city tax for the year 1876; also,
City lot in ward 5, land lot 78, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Butler street, adjoining Stafford and Sells; mayor and council vs Zet Cargile, col; also,
City lot in ward 7, land lot 85, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on McDaniel street adjoining Irwin; mayor and council vs E Cox, col; also,
City lot in ward 4, land lot 52, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Jackson and Blackburn streets, adjoining Jennings; mayor and council vs Dr. F C Ford; also
City lot in ward 1, land lot 77, containing 19x175 feet, more or less, on Whitehall and Broad streets, adjoining Dodd, McArthur and Thurmon; mayor and council vs Clarke Howell, jr., trustee for Wright also,
City lot in ward 1, land lot 108, containing ¾ acre, more or less on Chapel and Larkin streets, adjoining Middlebrooks and Barnes; mayor and council vs J H Hilton; also,
City lot in ward 3, land lot 83, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Rock street, adjoining Lachlin and White; mayor and council vs A G Harkie. Property pointed out by J N Smith's transferee; also,
City lot in ward 3, land lot 54, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Grant street, adjoining Stocking and Gray; mayor and council vs Augustus Hilton; also,
City lot in ward 2, land lot 77, containing 60x200 feet, more or less, on Hunter street, adjoining Neal and Dorsey; mayor and council vs Mrs M J Jones
City lot in ward 1, land lot 84, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Marsham and Elliott streets, adjoining Rhodes and Hall; mayor and council vs Mrs. W. H. Freeman; also,
City lot in ward 2, land lot 85, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Humphries and Highlower streets, adjoining Haigh and Gray's; mayor and council vs, Elizabeth Frazier, col'd; also,
City lot in ward 3, land lot 53, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Marsham street, adjoining Powell and Carter; mayor and council vs Mrs Mary A. Powell; also,
City lot in ward 1, land lot 85, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Rockyard street, adjoining Roberts and Johnson; mayor and council vs Louis Green, col'd; also,
City lot in ward 3, land lot 52, containing ¾ acre, more or less, on Fair and Terry streets adjoining Domestic Co and Haigh; mayor and council vs Walter D Glynn; also,
City lot in ward 4, land lot 46, containing ¼ acre, more or less, on Irwin, Jackson and Blackburn streets, adjoining Cumming, Careful Drivers and Sears; mayor and council vs Mrs N G Spencer; also,
City lot in ward 4, land lot 46, containing 60x200 feet, more or less, on Jackson and Blackburn streets, adjoining Jennings; mayor and council vs F M Van Beil; also,
City lot in ward 1, land lot 77 containing 25x100 feet more or less on Mitchell street, adjoining Lynch and Maher; mayor and council vs Robert Y Young.
WM. H. HOLCOMBE,
jan7—d1aw4w City Marshal.

JAMES HUNTER
Dealer in
Southern Securities.
OFFICES:
No. 36 Pine Street.....New York
No. 110 Bryan Street, Savannah, Ga.
jan26—dlm

A REAL BARGAIN.
A NICE COTTAGE HOUSE.
Must be Sold.
Convenient to Business, Near the Street Cars.
A NICE Cottage House containing four nice plastered rooms; three of them with good grates; good kitchen and pantry attached, a fine well of water; nice garden spot and the house all complete and in good repair. It is elevated and in a splendid neighborhood, convenient to Methodist and Presbyterian churches, and with in one hundred and fifty yards of the Decatur street cars. It is on the southeast corner of East Hunter and Bell streets, will be sold at a real bargain for cash, or for one-third cash and the balance in six and twelve months. It is sixty feet front by 180 deep. Titles guaranteed.
Apply to Mrs. Walker & Boyd, or James' Bank, Atlanta, Ga. jan2—d4t

Proposals for Coffins.
SEALED PROPOSALS to furnish COFFINS for deceased paupers will be received at the office of Clerk of Council until February 5th, 1877.
All bids should be placed in a sealed envelope and marked "bid to furnish Coffins"
Bids should be handed in before 12 m., on the day named.
SAMUEL HAPE,
jan25—dtw Chairman Relief Committee.

DISSOLUTION.
THE copartnership between N. L. Angier and W. M. Williams, in the Commission, Brokerage and all other business, heretofore existing under the firm name of Angier & Williams, with their place of business in Atlanta, Ga., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either party having the right to close up the business. The Commission and Brokerage Business will be continued by Wm. M. Williams
N. L. ANGIER
WM. M. WILLIAMS.
Atlanta, Ga., January 20 1877. jan21 1m

NOTICE TO DROVERS.
Feed and Sale Stable.
MACON, GEORGIA.
FORMER Stable of Feagin & Heath, on Poplar street. Accommodations are ample and complete for stock of all kinds. Lots to rent or feed stock as low as the lowest. Sleeping rooms over Stable for Drovers. Give me a trial.
J. R. STEWART,
Successor to Feagin & Heath.

NOTICE.
THERE will be a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the University of Georgia, in Athens, on the first day of February next, to elect a Professor of Agriculture and Horticulture, in place of Dr. Pendleton, resigned.
WM. L. MITCHELL,
Secretary of the Board of Trustees

Brick for Sale.
200,000 BRICK always on hand at Reduced Prices. Parties can also be supplied to BUILD ROCK or BRICK MASONRY at short notice and prices to suit the times. Call on
PAT LYNCH,
Builder and Contractor
Orders or letters at J. J. & P. W. Lynch's, No. Decatur street. jan25—dlm

Hotels, &c.

FORSYTH HOTEL,
(Formerly Pye House.)
HARGRAVE & SON, PROPRIETORS,
FORSYTH, GEORGIA.
HAVE taken charge of this well known House and are prepared to accommodate Travelers and Regular Boarders. Transients will receive the best of attention, and the tables be supplied with the best the market affords. Baggage carried to and from Depot Free of charge. nov19 dtf

Boarding House.
SPARTA.....GEORGIA,
By Mrs. Brown.
GOOD accommodations, good and comfortable rooms. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Terms, one dollar and fifty cents. Mrs. Brown, Proprietress. oct30- dtf

Richmond House,
GAINESVILLE.....GEORGIA.
CLEAN and comfortable beds, good and bountiful fare, prompt and polite attention.
Excellent Accommodation
FOR
SUMMER VISITORS
AT
Reduced Rates.
Free transportation for guests and baggage to this house on street cars. Rates of board moderate. Single meal, 50 cents. J. B. CRAIG,
july7—dtf Proprietor.

Planters Hotel,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.
Rates Reduced to $3 per Day.
HAVING leased the Planters from Mr. B. F. Chatfield, I rely upon its management by pleasing rates and asking of the traveling public especially my friends of Carolina and Georgia, a continuance of their generous support.
The decreased prices of all commodities necessary to the maintenance of a thoroughly first class Hotel are such as to induce me to make this reduction without the risk of impairing its well known reputation.
Assuring all who may favor me with their patronage that no effort on my part will be spared for which the Planters was noted during the proprietorship of Mr. Chatfield will be rigidly maintained, I am very respectfully,
B. F. BROWN,
(formerly of Charleston, S. C.)
jan19-dtf Proprietor.

THE CHOICE HOTEL,
Corner Broad and Bridge streets,
J. C. RAWLINS Proprietor.
(Situated in the business part of the city.)
ROME, GEORGIA.
Passengers taken to and from the Depot free of charge.

Planters' Hotel,
Cor. Barnard and Bryan Streets,
Savannah, Georgia.
A. E. CARR,
PROPRIETOR.
Rooms large and airy. Conveyances & Steamers and Railroads. nov21—dtf

PIEDMONT HOTEL
GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA
J. C. TRAMMELL.....Proprietor.
HIS magnificent hotel is now open for winter and summer guests, and travel generally and practically in every department. The large rooms, well furnished with new furniture and everything new and clean and in first rate order, with fire places to all the rooms, with the most beautiful view of the Blue Ridge mountains to be had in Upper Georgia. This splendid hotel affords as good winter quarters for Northern people as can be found in the Southern States and at as reasonable prices as can be had in this country with the same accommodations. Board and lodging, per day, $2 00. Single meals, 75 cents. All communications answered promptly. J. C. TRAMMELL.
January 14, 1877-dtf

Ricks House
CARTERSVILLE.....GEORGIA
HAVING leased this splendid three story Brick Hotel, from Mr. Ricks, I have
Newly Furnished & Carpeted
in good style, so as to make my guests comfortable, and propose to keep as good a table as be kept in North Georgia for $2 per day; single meals 50 cents by the week, $8. Rooms for families will be arranged in suits. The surroundings are fine. the

Brown House,
MACON GA.
WITHIN TWENTY YARDS PASSENGER DEPOT.
First-class accommodations.
sep26—dtf BROWN & BROWN.

NOTICE.
I HAVE leased the PIEDMONT HOTEL Gainesville, Georgia, for a term of years, and have concluded to sell or rent my Norcross Hotel and will give one of the best bargains ever given in this country. I will rent it for the term of November next, I will rent it for next year and give possession the 15th of November. None but responsible men need apply.
J. G. TRAMMELL.
Norcross, Ga., October 31, 1876—dtf

Byington's Hotel
MACON, GEORGIA.
Nearly opposite Passenger Depot
THE attention of the traveling public is respectfully called to the above named house. Is FIRST CLASS in all its appointments, with moderate charges—only $2 00 per day.
G. W. & E. T. BYINGTON,
nov30—d2w Proprietors

Rome Hotel,
J. A. STANSBURY, Proprietor.
Broad street, Rome, Ga.
IN the principal business square of the city and in ten steps of railroad. No Omnibus needed. New and clean from bottom to top.
jan21—dtf

Virginia House,
NEWNAN, GA.
E. C. YANCEY, Proprietor.
jan12—dtf

Byington Hotel,
Opposite Passenger Depot,
GRIFFIN, GEORGIA
THE Dinner House for Up Passenger Train. Meals 50 cents Terms easy.
HENRY McKINNEY,
jan19—dtf Pro rietor.

Dinner House, Ga. Railroad,
AT RUTLEDGE, GEORGIA.
By Mrs. Boyett.

Livery Stables.

Cumming Hack Line
In connection with the
U. S. Mail.
I will run a regular 3-horse Hack from Cumming to Duluth, leaving Cumming Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 10½ a. m., arriving at Duluth, 3 p. m. Leaves Duluth Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, 10½ a. m., arriving at Cumming, 3 p. m. I will also, on every Friday, carry passenger and light freight from Cumming to Aurrari, connecting with the

Gainesville and Dahlonega Hack
Good conveyance can be furnished to any neighboring town from Cumming. Careful Drivers.
aug1—dtf SCOTT, E. CAMP, Proprietor.

New Livery Stable
Opened out at
Mt. Airy, Ga.
In connection with the the Stable at Clarkesville,
for the traveling public, by
CHURCH & JONES.
PARTIES visiting Clarkesville, Narchoochee Valley, Tallulah Falls, etc. will always find good Hacks at Mt. Airy or Clarkesville.

Hacks always Ready
at the arrival of each train, North and East
aug1—dtf CHURCH & JONES.

Livery Stable
AND OMNIBUS LINE, ATHENS, GEORGIA
BUS meets every train, both at the Georgia and North-Eastern depot. Call for Cooper's Bus.
nov13-d1awtf

Atlanta Musical Institute
BRANCHES TAUGHT: Piano, Organ, Harmony, Cultivation of the Voice, Solo and Class Singing, also, Classes for Children; Violin, Cornet, etc. 150 Free Lessons during the year. English and German spoken. Commence to-night. Hours: 12:30 to 1:30 and 6 to 7. Scholars can have board. Address, for Catalogue,
Prof. A. SCHULTZE,
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Also—City

Railroads.

Georgia Railroad Schedule
Day Train.

Leaves Atlanta	9 30 a m
Arrives Augusta	5 15 p m
Leaves Augusta	9 00 a m
Arrives Atlanta	4 30 p

The Atlanta Daily Constitution

Preferred Locals.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen of our "news." marl8-dif

Supreme Court Decisions.

The Decisions for the July Term, 1876, are now ready. To regular subscribers the pamphlet will be furnished at $1 00 per copy; and $2 00 to those who are not. jan14-dif

Is Your Life Worth 10 Cents?

Sickness prevails everywhere, and everybody complains of some disease during their stay. When sick, their object is to get well; now to say plainly that no person in this world that is acting with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and its effects, such as Indigestion, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Heart Burn, palpitation of the Heart, Depressed Spirits, Biliousness, etc., can take GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER without getting relief and cure. If you doubt this, go to your Druggist and get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try it. Regular size 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,
oct7—dooAwecow Wholesale Agents.

New Advertisements.

Attorneys at law—Berner & Turner.
Parlor furniture at auction—Joyner & Ellis.
Hats, caps and valises—Clarke's.
Atlanta cotton factory—G W Adair.
Spinners, etc., wanted—T F Parrott.
Mardi gras—A J Orme.
By car loads for cash only—J W Fears.
Cash—Lewis H Clarke.
Active members Rosstel Club—G P Guilford.
Globules—Dr J H McLean.
Dr Bull's Cough Syrup.
Consumptives take notice—Dr. Schenck.
Peachtree residence—G W Adair.
Attorney and counsellor at law—J D Cunningham
Ben Hill Hats—Lewis Clarke.
Fortune teller—Madam A A Smith.
Second-hand Pianos to rent—Phillips & Crew.

FERTILIZERS.

What the Department of Agriculture Has Accomplished.

One of the leading manufacturers of fertilizers in the south writes to Commissioner Janes as follows:

"The result of your labors is now that in the year 1877, nine years after the first chemical works were built south of the Potomac river, no fertilizer of less than 22 per cent phosphate of lime can enter your lines. Nor does any manufacturer of the United States now turn out or sell to planters in Georgia any goods which do not come up to the grade established by your department."

The absolute gain to the farmer and planter can scarcely be estimated in figures. The increased crops and saving of labor, and especially the reduced cost of raising cotton, which, in 1869, was by good judges estimated at fourteen cents, and to-day put at eight cents, is a practical demonstration that some at least of the benefits anticipated from your department have been secured, and to-day every manufacturer in the United States who hopes to sell his goods to the Georgia farmer, sends to your market his best goods, and reserves his lowest grades for home consumption. * * *

I see but little chance for improvement in the average grade of fertilizers now sold here. One company alone now guarantees by analyses from 33 to 35 per cent of soluble bone phosphate has been driven to the extreme of the possibilities manufacturing and their guarantee is now from 3 to 12 times the quality of the most popular articles sold in your state previous and up to 1868. * * * * *

Public, literary and even agricultural schools cannot and do not convey the information which your bulletins contain, and but for your department the information conveyed could never reach the farmer and planter for whom it was intended. * * * In the season of 1867-68 the state of Georgia bought and paid for foreign fertilizers, 80,000 tons at an average of $40 per ton, at $3,200,000. These contained, say an average of five per cent of phosphoric acid available for vegetable life. In subsequent years the state received the same number of tons at the same price, containing 10 to 15 per cent of phosphoric acid, or two or three times the commercial value. All this for the same outlay in money. Thus $3,200,000 of expenditure supplies now to the farmer goods worth twice as much as those bought by him in 1867. If expressed in dollars and cents, the amount saved would appear so large as to be absolutely almost incredible. * * * I have no hesitation in saying that the average quality of all the fertilizers sold in Georgia is fully 25 per cent better than the average of all manufactured in the United Kingdom."

This is an important showing, and should be pondered carefully.

Miss Mary Anderson.

Miss Mary Anderson will appear for the first time in Atlanta at DeGive's next Monday night, as "Juliet" in Shakespeare's love tragedy of Romeo and Juliet. On Tuesday night she will appear as Lady Macbeth

Of her Lady Macbeth the Savannah News says:

On Saturday evening Miss Mary Anderson assumed the very difficult role of Lady Macbeth, and to the great satisfaction of the many friends she has made in our city during her brief engagement, succeeded most admirably. It was apparent she had given the character a vast amount of study, and had obtained a most excellent conception, which she executed in a style commensurate with the high and rare artistic talent she possesses. In the sleep-walking scene, we have never seen the character better portrayed. Throughout, she was almost perfect, and her reading is particularly to be commended.

The banquet scene was most magnificent, and we agree with a cotemporary who said that Miss Anderson's performance in that single scene was enough to establish a reputation. It was a wonderfully realistic picture. Lady Macbeth attired in royal robes, with the flashing diadem upon her graceful head, has reached the height of her ambition, yet she is saddened by the thought that Macbeth's bloody deeds are not over—with smiling face solicitous for the comfort of her friends, still cast anxious glances at and around her husband. She is ill at ease, and the audience know it, though her friends do not. Vainly she attempts to conceal or explain away her lord's infamity. For him, exhortation and entreaty; for the wondering nobles, the suggestion that if they note him, they shall extend his passion. It is more than even she can compass. Half crazed with anguish she sits the feverish rank in the profession she has chosen, and of which she is an honored member and ornament. We feel that we are but speaking the opinions of the discriminating and intelligent audience, when we pronounce her "Lady Macbeth" par excellence. She was fairly supported. Mr. Boniface, who is undoubtedly an actor of real merit, assumed the role of "Macbeth," and, although some portions of his performance were not entirely in keeping with our conception, and there was a trifle too much of earnestness, so to speak, his rendition was creditable and elicited the plaudits of his admirers.

The audience was an unusually large one for Saturday night, and seemed to be well pleased with their evening's entertainment.

Monroe Female College.

Monroe Advertiser.

The session, we understand, has opened under auspices highly favorable. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather and the almost impassable condition of the roads, about twenty new pupils arrived last week. Bullock, Rockingham, Jefferson, Pulaski, Putnam, Screven, and Washington counties sent representatives and others have engaged to come at an early day. The prospects, we learn, are more flattering than they have been for years. Bricks, books and brains, the three R's essential for an educational enterprise, are at the control of the friends of the institution, and we congratulate them upon their success in bringing their worth to the favorable notice and appreciation of the public. Let those who would secure for their daughters excellent literary and social advantages upon terms most favorable, send at once to the Monroe Female College.

THE POOL.

An Important Meeting of the Association To-day.

The famous pool will hold a session in this city this week, beginning at the Kimball house to-day. Already a large number of railroad men from all parts of the south, representing every line of transportation, are present in the city and more will arrive to-day.

The meeting is for the purpose of settling up back scores and determining upon the basis and programme of operations for the spring business. Some delicate and important questions will be discussed during the session.

The pool has a large influence upon the course of commerce in these states and its proceedings are looked to with interest by all southern commercial men.

Pictorial History of Atlanta.

An illustrated history of Atlanta, elegantly bound, is now in preparation. An accurate sketch of Atlanta and its growth, with numerous engravings of public edifices, business houses, residences and interesting views, will be issued. Subscription from every citizens

Headquarters for Eastern Seed Potatoes.

We have in Store and to arrive One Thousand Barrels of Choice Eastern Early Rose, Early Goodrich, Pinkeyes, Peerless and Jackson Whites. Will be sold at Lowest Market Prices. We don't sell Western Seed.

W. F. STOKES & CO.,
17 Alabama Street.

P. S.—Owing to the short crop of old Potatoes and consequent high prices, early planting will pay better this season than in many years past.

jan31—dimo 24, 3d&6th, c1p

THE CONTESTED ELECTION.

HAMMOND VS PITTMAN.

Ninth Day's Proceedings.

The ballot box containing the votes cast at the election for county officers, held January third, was examined yesterday before Justice Pool, and a large number of suspected ballots were discussed.

The contestant, Judge Hammond, has a list of about 1,500 names which he says cast illegal votes on the day of the election. The plea against most of them is that they had not paid their taxes for 1875 or 1876, and therefore were not entitled to vote at the election; others are said to be non-residents and disqualified in various ways.

It will require several days yet to complete the examination of the box.

Counsel on both sides are wide awake to every issue presented, and this case will be one of the most thoroughly investigated that was ever known in the state. It seems not yet to be near its completion.

THE COURTS.

The Supreme Court.

CIRCUITS:

Albany	8	Rome	1
Southwestern	23	Cherokee	12
Pataula	9	Augusta	4
Chattahoochee	24	Middle	10
Macon	28	Ocmulgee	10
Flint	14	Eastern	24
Coweta	11	Brunswick	4

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA,
January 31, 1877.

Messrs. J. A. King and W. T. Jones were admitted to the bar upon taking the usual oath.

ALBANY CIRCUIT.

No 8. Maples vs Hoggard. Complaint, from Mitchell. Argued
Davis & Lyon, for plaintiff in error.
B B Bower, contra.
No 4. Dismissed.
No 5. Collins et al vs Stephens. Equity, from Mitchell. Argued
R F Lyon; J H Spence for plaintiffs in error.
J D Vason; Strozier & Smith, contra.
No 6. Withdrawn.
No 7. Minor vs State. Larceny, from Dougherty. Argued.
R F Lyon; D H Pope, for plaintiff in error.
B B Bower, solicitor general, contra.
No. 11. Hill vs Nisbet. Ejectment, from Dougherty.
R F Eyon, for plaintiff in error.
Warren & Hobbs; R K Hines, contra.
Pending the argument of Mr Lyon, the court adjourned until 10 a m to-morrow

Fulton Superior Court.

JUDGE C. PEEPLES PRESIDING.

The following was the business of this court yesterday:

W. H. Camp & Co. vs. J. R. Wallace. Motion &c. Demurrer sustained on the ground that Camp was not an incorporated company.

The call of the appearance docket was dispensed with and parties are allowed forty days in which to file pleas.

Petition of Volney Spalding, Josiah Sherman et al. was read to the court, asking that they be incorporated as the "Republican Printing company," with capital stock of $6,000 and leave to increase it to $50,000. Petition was ordered printed and will then be passed upon.

Lewis Rosentine & Co. et al. vs. Joseph Fleishel, A. M. Lewin et al. Prayer for injunction and a receiver. Demurrer sustained. Bill dismissed and temporary receiver ordered to restore assets to Joseph Fleishel.

The Georgia penitentiary company was declared duly incorporated after the observance of proper forms. Henry Butcher vs. J. L. Watkins. Assumpsit. As the defendant was adjudged a bankrupt on the 22d of April, 1876, further proceedings against him were adopted

Matilda Morrison vs Charles Latimer. Motion for new trial. Ordered to be heard in vacation

W L Calhoun, executor, et al., plaintiffs in error vs A A Calhoun, defendant in error. Case from Fulton superior court, carried to supreme court. Judgment of the court below was there affirmed, and was ordered to be made the final judgment of the superior court.

R A Johnson, trustee. Application for leave to sell lot of land. Heard at chambers and leave granted.

List of jurors drawn to serve at an adjourned term the second week in February next:

Madison Bulee,	W E Sprewell,
W H Harper,	W J F Willis,
Oscar D Scott,	F M Donehoo,
James B Merritt,	R R Lawhon,
John Morrison,	Wm J Hudson,
Thos L Reynolds,	Mathew Lemon,
James Dunlap,	Jno F Mobley,
Wm M Dickson,	J L Richmond,
Jas A Cubbin,	Geo W Wright,
Jacob J Lynes,	Jno W Richardson,
Jas B Porter,	James A Cody,
Joseph Gordon,	Chas F Campbell,
J J Norman,	Isaac B Lynes.
J W Vaughn,	Thos W Wood,
W C Morris,	James M Ball,
Chas W Jordan,	James T Rennon,
William Walsh,	W L Corley,
Benj Fleishel,	James C Davis.

The court then adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock Monday, February 12, 1877.

City Court.

JUDGE R. H. CLARKE, PRESIDING.

The following was the business of this court yesterday:

State vs. L. S. Smith. Simple larceny. Elected to be tried by court and was found not guilty.

State vs. Aleck Waring. Simple larceny. Plea of guilty, and sentenced to $5 fine and costs and two months on the chain gang.

State vs. John Knox. Simple larceny. Plea of guilty. Fined $20 and costs, or sentenced to six months on the chain gang.

State vs. Lizzie Patterson. Vagrancy. Verdict of guilty. Sentenced to fine of $5 and costs and twelve months on the chain gang.

State vs. John Anderson. Cheating and swindling. Plea of guilty. Fined $10 and costs, or sentenced to six months on the chain gang.

State vs Bass Wheeler and Wade Smith. Larceny from the house. Tried by the court. Wade Smith found not guilty. Bass Wheeler found guilty and fined $25 and costs or sentenced to twelve months on the chain gang.

State vs Walter Harris. Larceny from the house. Tried by the court; found guilty; sentenced to six months on the chain gang.

State vs. Jim Lyle. Larceny from the house. Verdict of not guilty

Mr. Howard Van Epps, the solicitor general of the court being absent, Mr. J. M. McAfee was appointed to act in his place until he should return.

Court adjourned to 9 a m. to-day.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, Jan. 31, 1877.

J W Little and Miss Little, Madison; W A Wiley, New York; W W Clark, Macon; W E Davis, Thomasville; J Powell, High Shoals; C B A Stanley, J O King, Dublin; J W Cungan, Va; J W Bell, N Hicks, Harlem; A N Gravestine, Savannah; Joe Sparkes, Ga; J R Boswell, Fanfield; M V B Wachtell, Baltimore; Jno J Flowers, Ala; J H Almond, Conyers; T B Thompson, B s Peters, Alex Buckner, Ky; W R Thaxton, Ga; B H Brown, Troupe county; B Pelon, Memphis; W H Bird, Charleston; W H Tyler, Baltimore; R E Lowry, N C; M Edwards, Crawford; Jas M Edwards, Athens; R Arnold, city; Daniel, Pittman, city; H L Collier, city; F S Fitch, Griffin; Chas N West, L Mims, Savannah; F L Freyer, Marietta; H V Sims, Elbert county; Wm S Fullilum, Richmond; T J Black, Baltimore; W T Reynolds, Greenville; Mrs W M Reese, Sparta; J L Bass, Griffin; J L Johnson, Mr J Marshall, Ga; Wm Schley, Ga; J D Willingdon, Baltimore; A C McCalla, Conyers; G W Glosson, Conyers; Dr D C Jones and lady, Ga; Miss S T Harris Ga; Miss Lula Selman, Ga; Miss Mollie Selman, Ga; W A Post, Grantville; J B Cumming, Ga; Wm A Orshurne, Palmetto; Geo T Orshurne Palmetto; Robt Evans, Tenn; F B Hudson, Milner; J T Talbot, Ky; E B Cox, Ky; W O Tuole, La Grange; H W Johnson, Griffin; W H Clarke, wife and daughter, Lebanon, Ind; L T Neal Gallatin, Tenn.

J. P. STEVENS,
MANUFACTURING
JEWELER & ENGRAVER.
DEALER IN
DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY, 88
WHITEHALL STREET, UP-STAIRS.
jan1—1m 3d&7

CASTLEBERRY & Co., ARE THE ONLY furniture manufacturers in Georgia. $60,000 worth now in store. 44 Whitehall street. Solid and beautiful bedroom furniture of four entire patterns, in new styles, just finished and now on exhibition at our warerooms. Call and examine. Prices low. Terms easy.
jan27—dif

A WHITE INDIAN.

RETURN OF JOHN R DICKSON FROM THE CHEROKEE NATION.

A Georgian Who has Been Among the Red Men for Twenty-Seven Years and is Now on a Pleasure Trip

"Good marster, look at dat Ingin!"

The exclamation was made by a horrified negro truckman in the union depot as a tall, swarthy, able-bodied man dressed in a bright buckskin suit of Indian toggery stepped off the West Point train and held up his cheek to the saucer-eyed baggage-man. The strange arrival was promptly surrounded by

THE INVARIABLE CROWD

of curious people, saucy gamins and puzzled darkies that pounce upon and swallows up every novel apparition in human shape that dares enter within our gates. The man of buckskin regimentals paid no attention to the gaping multitude but proceeded to cuss out the hotel retainers as eloquently and familiarly as any other free American citizen.

He decided to put up at the biggest house in town and shortly after the register of the H. I Kimball house had been inscribed with the autograph of

JOHN R. DICKENS,

of the Indian territory. Mr. Dickens immediately after possed himself by taking a seat in the rotunda and becoming the center and cynosure of a large and appreciative audience, containing delegations from all classes of our mercurial population.

A reporter of the CONSTITUTION luckily secured a seat next to Mr. Dickens and regarded him long enough to note that he was a man of fine physique, strong limbed, stalwart and hardy; his face is well bronzed and bears no faint resemblance to a pure Indian countenance, having a strongly marked aquiline nose, high cheek-bones and firm under-jaws. Mr. Dickens' costume was of the best that an Indian clothier could trot out, and were worthy of attention. Their elaborate ornamentation in beads, braids and snake-skins attracted unlimited admiring remarks from the urchins standing around. He held in his hand

A FINE GOLD HEADED CANE,

ebony staff, and of elegant design. He also wore a fine gold neck chain, to which was appended a magnificent gold watch

He stated to us that he left Georgia in 1850, and went west among the Indians. He lived prior to his removal in Cobb and Jasper counties in this state. In Monticello, the county site of the latter county, he merchandized for some time, and was recognized yesterday at the Kimball House by gentlemen who had known and traded with him there.

He also traded at Sandtown, where he sold goods to the Cherokee Indians before their removal to the territory. He is now sixty-three years of age but does not look to be over fifty. He has a brother, Hamp Dickens, now living in Henry county, and whom he will probably visit during this trip.

OBJECTS OF HIS TOUR.

Mr Dickens states that the territory is a money making place and that he has made this trip to Georgia, the only one since he left the state twenty seven years ago, to see the sights and spend his money. For the accomplishment of the latter object, we may remark, he struck the right trail, and has lauded where it can be done with ease and rapidity. He seems to think so himself, after so short an acquaintance, and talks of moving on and leaving us to-day.

A BUSINESS PURPOSE

is also combined with his trip of pleasure. He says that there is a large amount of pension money due to some of the Cherokees, his nation, from the government at Washington, and that he has been empowered to go and see Grant and collect the money. It is a hard contract, but he thinks he may worry the Big Chief into shelling out.

Mr. Dickens lives forty miles west of Fort Gibson, in the Cherokee nation, probably the most enlightened of "the tame savages." He reports matters easy in the territory and a growing desire among the Indians for the organization of the territory under the Oklahoma bill. He himself is of the Thompson party and in favor of such a future for the territory.

A TRIBUTE TO HILL.

Remarks Made by Col. W. A. Shorter at the Jubilee Meeting.

At the recent jubilee held to rejoice over the election of Mr. Hill to the senate, Col. W. A. Shorter was called upon, and in the course of his eloquent remarks, uttered these sentiments which are worthy of preservation in the public records of the occasion:

EXTRACT FROM MR. SHORTER'S SPEECH.

Yes, fellow-citizens, we may have a thousand lighthouses along the coast, and upon the rocks amid the seas, but we need them not when the sun is clear and bright; when all is calm and quiet; when sailing is smooth and easy and a prosperous glow lights up the broad face of the ocean. When the great deep is moved to madness by the raging waves; when the white crests of tossing billows speak the anger of the sea; when all is dark and threatening; when danger is near—then it is that the imperilled hail with overwhelming delight the far-streaming welcome as it leaps in generous glare from the summit of the friendly lighthouse, across the dark waters, to the freighted heart of the anxious mariner.

As light-houses are to the mariner, so real statesmen are to the people in the hour of peril. When the storm clouds of passion thickly gathered, and heavily lowered over the capitol of this country; when the lurid lightning of sectional hate vividly played through the national halls; when the champion of Maine, the arch-enemy of our honor, was king of the storm; when the ready wires quickly caught his heated words of hate and flashed over this continent the slanderous story of our disgrace; then it was that the great heart of the south moved anxiously, and all eyes were trustingly turned toward Washington in the capitol city of the republic, high above the darkness of the scene enacted there, we caught the light of a bright promise of complete vindication, in the illustrious rays of which, we saw the noble form of Georgia's illustrious son, as he grandly rose with giant power, and turning back the tide of abuse, gave truth to history and protection to his people.

As long as the congressional Record shall remain the partial likeness of the nation's deeds, so long will this great monument of common defence, reared by Benjamin H. Hill, stand a lasting honor to himself, and increasing glory to his section.

The sentiment thus happily expressed was greeted with great applause.

Condition of Mr. Brobston.

Mr. T. H. S. Brobston is, we are pleased to state, much better and his physicians and friends hope that his complete recovery will be speedily accomplished. He is very weak from the effects of his wound, but seems to be gaining strength. With prudence and quiet his restoration is very probable.

The German Last Night.

One of the most stylish affairs of the season was the German at the Kimball house last night. The attendance was larger than that of any previous meeting of the club. Several new figures were introduced and were much admired.

Payson's English Opera.

Mr. G. H. Van Weimer, the energetic advance agent of Payson's English opera troupe, is in the city. This company is billed for Dodsive's on the 8th and 9th.

The Western and Atlantic Railroad

The annual meeting of the board of directors of the State road will take place here to-day. The session will be one of importance to all interests represented.

GEO. SHARP, JR.'S
Jewelry Manufactory.

Gold Badges of all kinds, Seal Rings and Lockets, Diamonds remounted.

All kinds of Jewelry Repairing and Embossing, Enamelling and *Superior Engraving* executed in my work shop at the *shortest notice.*

I am prepared to do all kinds of superior work in my line that cannot be executed elsewhere in the State.

My prices are lower than the lowest, and my work in quality, superiority and finish cannot be excelled. jan24—dif

Members of the Legislature!

After you have gotten through the Senatorial Election, take a quiet stroll and pass an hour or two in my Jewelry Store and buy any trifles you may need in my line at actual cost. Gus. SHARP, JR.
jan27—dif

TOWN TOPICS.

—An informal meeting of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals was held in the Young Men's Library Tuesday evening. Miss Louise W King and W E Platt, secretary of the Georgia society, were present.

—The grasshoppers at Marietta have all died out.

—The house, after a dry debate yesterday, was refreshed by Dews.

—Mr. Reece, of Floyd, remarked yesterday evening at the conclusion of the Baker county contest that it was "Hawes-Down combat."

—The clerk of the house will keep a calendar of the bills passed each day.

—The editor of the Dalton Citizen carries a level head when he says of Atlanta: "The fast-growing and beautiful capital of our state is but a short distance from Dalton, and we would advise those desiring a little pleasant recreation to run down to this lively metropolis while the legislature is in session.

Mr. F. M. Jack, the great candy manufacturer of Atlanta, is at the Globe. He was seen in company with Col. Tom Alexander. As they are both gay young widowers the thought suggests itself, "are they on the war path?"—Augusta Constitutionalist.

—We could call especial attention to the great inducements offered by the Atlanta and New Orleans short line to parties who desire to visit the Crescent City during "Mardi Gras." The tickets, though limited as to time, give two days in New Orleans, (from the morning of 11th until evening of 14th) which will give visitors ample time to join in all the festivities. The rate is lower than ever before, being only $15 00 for the round trip, which places a ticket within the reach of all. Parties who contemplate going will oblige Mr. A. J. Orme, the general agent, if they will leave their names with Mr. J. H. Porter or Jack Johnson at the Union Ticket office at General Passenger dep't.

—The members of the P. K. Club are requested to meet at their hall this afternoon at 5 o'clock. Business of importance Third D. from the B.

—Mr. A.J. West, formerly a merchant in this city, has purchased a fine farm near Navasota, Texas, and gone to work upon it. The Houston Telegraph speaks in high terms of him.

—Trinity Sunday school numbers over four hundred children.

—There will be a rush for seats to see Miss Anderson.

—The removal of the dingy awnings at the corner of Broad and Alabama streets has greatly improved the appearance of that quarter.

—Bear in mind that the Library fair will begin in the Grant building next Monday night week. Incessant preparations are now going on in view of this event.

—An enthusiastic individual remarked last night after frequent contest with ice-water that "Ben Hill was a greater man than Bunker Hill dared to be."

—Several new clerks were put on duty in the house yesterday.

—Several days ago the CONSTITUTION asked: "Where is the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals?" A car load of horses arrived in Augusta from Cincinnati which had been 48 hours on the way. The poor creatures had not received a drop of water or particle of food during the passage." We are informed that this case came to the notice of the society in Augusta and was immediately investigated. A special telegram from the railroad agent here informed the society that the animals had been unloaded and fed in Atlanta before being shipped to Augusta.

—The rush for seats for the Rossini club concert on yesterday morning was unprecedented in the history of Atlanta. Fully one thousand seats were secured before the crowd diminished. The concert will take place at DeGive's opera house on next Friday evening. The best seats, however, are those in the upper gallery, which may be secured to-day, and we advise those who have not received their seats to go early and take the gallery seats. Ladies who have seats in the parquette will not wear hats; this rule does not apply to other parts of the house. The reserved seats will not be kept vacant after the beginning of the second piece on the programme, after which they may be occupied by any person in the hall. During the performance of any piece the doors will be closed, and no person will be admitted until it is finished. This is a good rule and will save the audience from disturbance. Go to P. Guilford's, 52 Whitehall street, and reserve your seats at 10 o'clock this morning without fail.

—Col. H. B. Plant, president, and Col. M. J. O'Brien, general superintendent of the Southern express company, are in the city upon business connected with that corporation

—Col. A B. Small, of the Texas express company arrived in the city last night. He comes upon express business. He is the father of Mr. Sam. W Small, of THE CONSTITUTION, and is also well known in Georgia from his connection during the war with the southern express. For nearly eighteen years he has been connected with this species of transportation interests in the south, and is a thorough master of its details.

—Miss Kate Carter, of Dalton, is in the city, the guest of Mrs B H Hill, Jr.

—Policemen Simpson and White arrested a colored moke, Simon Jones, for stealing wood, and Simon was yesterday committed to jail.

—Policemen Simpson and Mehaffey arrested Jim Muller, colored, on a charge of vagrancy. The only visible means of support Jim had was a deck of cards.

—Sergeant E. S. Riley, U. S. A., passed through here yesterday, en route to the humane asylum in Columbia, S. C.

—Prof. Schoeller, of Dalton, has dedicated a new march to B H Hill on his march from the house to the senate.

—We are indebted to J. S. Newman, secretary, for a pamphlet copy of the "proceedings of the Georgia state horticultural society," held in Macon. The catalogue of fruits published in it is invaluable. Everybody should obtain a copy.

—Mr. W. R Lacy has so far recovered as to be at his business again.

—A flock of sheep and hogs in general confusion created a stir on Loyd street yesterday.

—About one dozen suicides have occurred in Atlanta within the past two years.

—The committee appointed in the interest of the cotton factory are pushing their work in a lively manner.

—Professional jurors say the county is getting stingy.

"Carolynn," the Atlanta correspondent of the Macon Telegraph, is said to be a very talented female—indeed, a regular blue-stocking.

—A boys' debating club in the city will discuss, next Friday night, the question, "Are the new oblong bustles beautiful or useful?"

—Solid cream-colored hose, with delicate embroidery, is the latest object of female affection.

—The Irish potato famine is still oppressing the state, though Atlanta seems to have a very good supply.

—The incendiaries are taking a long rest, possibly for the concoction of great mischief.

—A gentleman advertised in THE CONSTITUTION yesterday for an errand boy, and before nine o'clock he had fifty applications.

—The Atlanta branch of the S. P. C. A. is doing a good work, and its membership is fast increasing.

The Catholic Fair.

The Catholic fair is still in the full tide of success. The attendance is large every night.

The contest for the walking suit to be presented to the prettiest man in town is close between a Whitehall street merchant and a Decatur street merchant. The polls close Friday night.

The contest for the bride doll closes at half past nine Saturday night. Alice Balmer and Nellie Ford are ahead, and the friends of Miss Mamie Cannon and Miss Mamie Wagnon are expected to rally in force.

Balloting for the candidates are lively. If you can't vote, call at the refreshment table and be refreshed.

The Turkish Bath.

Dr. Wilson has added to his rooms on Loyd street ample accommodation for the ladies. He is now prepared to give male or female an elegant Turkish bath any hour in the day. The best preventative for disease is a Turkish bath. Don't fail to call on the Doctor, and get it.

Two second-hand Pianos to rent at Music Store of Phillips & Crew. feb1-d1t

BY CAR LOADS
ONLY FOR CASH!
As low as can be put down from Western Markets,
5 cars cured Clear Rib Bulk.
100 Tcs. Golden Lard.
500 Barrels Belle of Kentucky Flour.
50 Tcs. Golden Hams.
J. W. FEARS, Agent.
feb1—d1t

200 French Woven Corsets at 50 cents, worth $1 00.
200 boxes Ladies Writing Paper at 12½c.
Best Standard Prints at 7½c.
Wamsutta Long Cloth at 13c.
Londsdale Shirting at 11½c.
Londsdale Cambric at 14c
Full width Sheeting from 8c up.
Double width Ginghams, 10c, worth 15c.
Full line of Cassimeres, Tweeds, &c., at reduced prices at
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s,
No. 88 Whitehall street.
jan28-d1t Atlanta, Ga.

The Stockholders of the Atlanta Cotton Factory and Citizens generally
Are invited to meet at the Factory, on Marietta street, this afternoon at four o'clock, punctually, at which time a general inspection of the building and machinery will take place.
Come one, come all! GEO. W. ADAIR, President.
feb1—d1t

B. H. H.
Ben Hill Hats
At Lewis Clarke's. Just received. Go and get one. feb1—d3t

Furniture Factory No. 2.
We are now receiving at our warerooms, 72 Whitehall street, 150 dozen chairs, cane seats; 40 dozen rockers, cane seats, and we will receive in the next twenty days 40 dress case units, all grades; also, all kinds bed-room furniture.
Call before you buy.
JAMES L. WATKINS,
tuf14-tf Agent for Georgia.

Cash.
Having determined from this date, February 1st, to charge no more goods to ANY ONE My friends will please take notice and not think hard if they are refused credit hereafter.
LEWIS H. CLARKE
feb1—d3t

At Wholesale Cost,
Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Sterling Silver and Plated Ware, at cost at
GEO. SHARP, JR.'S,
jan24—dtf Jewelry Store.

Remember, to get Hats, Caps and Valises cheap for CASH, you must call at Clarke's, No 6 Whitehall street. feb1—d3t

Furchgott, Benedict & Co. are offering the remainder of their Winter Dress Goods at half their value. Cloaks, Shawls and Skirts at less than cost. jan25-dtf

Active Members of the Rossini Club
Please report promptly at DeGive's Opera House to-night at 7: 5. Every member expected, and as you are always prompt, I shall expect to begin at 7:15 promptly.
G. P. GUILFORD,
feb1—d1t President.

Fresh and New and Just as Represented.
No old style itinerant stock sold in my house. New styles, fresh goods, purchased from first-class Responsible and Leading Manufacturers. All at wholesale for thirty days, at
GEO. SHARP, JR.,
jan24—dtf Jewelry Store.

Carpets! Carpets!
Our entire lot of Carpets have been marked down to be closed out, as the season is far advanced.
jan25-dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.

Consumptives Take Notice!
Every moment of delay makes your cure more hopeless, and much depends on the judicious choice of a remedy. The amount of testimony in favor of Dr Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, as a cure for Consumption, far exceeds all that can be brought to support the pretensions of any other medicine. See Dr Schenck's Almanac, containing the certificates of many persons of the highest respectability, who have been restored to health, after being pronounced incurable by physicians of acknowledged ability. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many, as these evidences show; but the cure is often promoted by the employment of two other remedies which Dr. Schenck provides for the purpose. These additional remedies are Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. By the timely use of these medicines, according to directions, Dr. Schenck certifies that most any case of Consumption may be cured.
Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, Corner Sixth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letter for advice must be addressed. feb1—deod1mofeb

Local and Business Notices

New Furniture.

We are pleased to announce to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity, that we will open on the 15 h of February, in the elegant corner building, now occupied by W A. Haygood, a full and complete line of

FURNITURE,

purchased at lowest factory prices, for cash.

Those needing any goods in this line will do well to see our new stock before purchasing.

E. S. KENDRICK & Co.
Atlanta, Ga. January 30, 1877—d3t

R. O. DOUGLASS'
Great Sale of Winter Goods.
I shall offer from this date Great Bargains in all Winter Goods in order to clear them out before purchasing Spring Stock.
Such goods as FLANNELS, BLANKETS, KENTUCKY JEANS, ALL THE NEW STYLES OF DRESS GOODS, FELT SKIRTS, SHAWLS, &c., will be sold at prices never before seen in this city.
Great Bargains in Table Linen, Towels, Quilts, Napkins, Doyllies, &c.
Domestics of all kinds at Factory prices.
R. O. DOUGLASS,
j n28-d3t,su,tu&th 39 Whitehall street.

Atlanta Trunk Factory.
For Trunks and Valises go to the
ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY,
92 Whitehall street.
Repairing done at short notice. jan27-d3tsun,tue&thur

DeKalb Sheriff sales for February, 1877.

WILL be sold before the court-house door in the town of Decatur DeKalb county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in February, 1877, the following property, to-wit:

One hundred acres more or less being in the southwest half of land lot No. 292, in the 18th district of said county. Levied on by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from DeKalb superior court, in favor of L J. Winn, executor of L. Johnson, deceased, against W. D. Brown, as the property of and now in possession of the defendant. Said fi fa assigned to Henry W Holmes. Property pointed out by the assignee. January 6, 1877.

Also, at the same time and place, one house and lot situate in the town of Stone Mountain, on corner of Church and Second Main streets, said known as the place whereon C W Johnson now resides, containing one half acre, more or less. Levied on by virtue of and to satisfy a Justices Court fi fa issued from the 1043rd district. G. M., DeKalb county, in favor of Kimbrell & Phillips vs C W Johnson, as the property of the defendant. Levy made and returned to me by B J Holley, L C. January 6, 1877.
JAMES HUNTER, Sheriff.
jan9—wtd

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, November 7, 1876.

WHEREAS, F M and J M Nash, administrators on the estate of William Nash, deceased, have applied to me for dismission from their said trust:

This is, therefore, to notify all personas concerned to show cause, if any they can, within the time allowed by law, why said administrators should not be discharged from said administration, else they will be discharged according to law.
JOHN B STEWARD,
nov9—w1am3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, November 7, 1876.

WHEREAS, Warren J Clark, administrator on the estate of Sarah E and Nancy Mitchell late of said county, deceased, has applied for dismission from said trust:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to be and appear at my office within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration, else he will be discharged from his said trust according to law.
JOHN B. STEWARD,
nov9—w1am3m Ordinary.

NOTICE.

ENROLLED before me, on this the 27th day of January, 1877, in an entry, by James M Laird of the 353d district, G. M., of DeKalb county, Georgia, one bay horse, no ears, no marks, small head, small neck, some red spots on the sides, balance of the body dark bay, 7 years old, and appraised by J. F. Bryant, T. F. Jackson, Trechelle Smith, to be worth seven dollars and that it has been worth twenty-five cents a day to keep said Horse.

The owner is hereby notified to appear before me, prove property, pay costs and expenses and take said horse away, else she will be sold on the first Monday in February, 1877, before the court-house door of DeKalb county, Georgia, at public outcry.
H. V. BAYNE,
jan6—w3t Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, November 7, 1876.

WHEREAS, P M and J M Nash, administrators on the estate of William Nash, deceased, have applied to me for dismission from their said trust:

This is, therefore, to notify all personas concerned to show cause, if any they can, within the time allowed by law, why said administrators should not be discharged from said administration, else they will be discharged according to law.
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The Atlanta Daily Constitution

Preferred Locals.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
The Daily and Weekly Constitution for specimen of our "news." marzz-tu

Supreme Court Decisions.

The Decisions for the July Term, 1876, are now ready. To regular subscribers the pamphlet will be furnished at $1 00 per copy; and $2 00 to those who are not. jan14-dif

Is Your Life Worth 10 Cents?

Sickness prevails everywhere, and everybody complains of some disease during their stay. When sick, their object is to get well: now to say plainly that no person in this world that is suffering with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and its effects, such as Indigestion, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Heart Burn, palpitation of the Heart, Depressed Spirits, Biliousness, etc., can take Green's August Flower without getting relief and cure. If you doubt this, go to your Druggist and get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try it. Regular size 75 cents. Two doses will relieve you.

HUNT, RANKIN & LANIER,
oct7—dawlyeow1y wholesale Agents.

New Advertisements.

Attorneys at law—Berner & Turner.
Parlor furniture at auction—Joyner & Ellis.
Hats, caps and valises—Clarke's.
Atlanta cotton factory—G W Adair.
Spinners, etc., wanted—T F Parrott.
Mardi gras—A J Orme.
By car loads for cash only—J W Sears.
Cash—Lewis H Clarke.
Active members Rosslni Club—G P Guilford.
Globules—Dr J H McLean.
Dr Bull's Cough Syrup.
Consumptives take notice—Dr. Schenck.
Peachtree residence—G W Adair.
Attorney and counsellor at law—J D Cunningham
Ben Hill Hats—Lewis Clarke.
Fortune teller—Madam A A Smith.
Second-hand Pianos to rent—Phillips & Crew.

Headquarters for Eastern Seed Potatoes.

We have in Store and to arrive One Thousand Barrels of Choice Eastern Early Rose, Early Goodrich, Pinkeyes, Peerless and Jackson Whites. Will be sold at Lowest Market Prices. We don't sell Western Seed.

W. F. STOKES & CO.,
17 Alabama Street.

P. S.—Owing to the short crop of old Potatoes and consequent high prices, early planting will pay better this season than in many years past.

jan31—d1mo 24 30 feb6 8,clp

FERTILIZERS.

What the Department of Agriculture Has Accomplished.

One of the leading manufacturers of fertilisers in the south writes to Commissioner Janes as follows:

"The result of your labors is now that in the year 1877, nine years after the first chemical works were built south of the Potomac river, no fertiliser of less than 23 per ce t phosphate of lime can enter your lines. Nor does any manufacturer of the United States now turn out or sell to planters in Georgia any goods which do not come up to the grade established by your department."

The absolute gain to the farmer and planter can scarcely be estimated in figures. The increased crops and saving of labor, and especially the reduced cost of raising cotton, which, in 1869, was by good judges estimated at fourteen cents, and to-day put at eight cents, is a practical demonstration that some at least of the benefits anticipated from your department have been secured, and to-day every manufacturer in the United States who hopes to sell his goods to the Georgia farmer, sends to your market his best goods, and reserves his lowest grades for home consumption * * *

I see but little chance for improvement in the average grade of fertilisers now sold here. One company alone now guarantees by analyses from 3 to 5 per cent of soluble bone phosphate has been driven to the extreme of the possibilities manufacturing and their guarantee is now from 5 to 12 times the quality of the most popular articles sold in your state previous and up to 1868. * * *

Public, literary and even agricultural schools cannot and do not convey the information which your bulletins contain, and but for your department the information conveyed could never reach the farmer and planter for whom it was intended. * * * In the season of 1867-68 the state of Georgia bought and paid for foreign fertilizers, 80,000 tons at an average of $40 per ton, at $3,200 000. These contained, say an average of five per cent of phosphoric acid available for vegetable life. In subsequent years the state received the same number of tons at the same price, containing 10 to 15 per cent of phosphoric acid, or two or three times the commercial value. All this for the same outlay in money. Thus $3,200,0.0 of expenditure supplies now to the farmer goods worth twice as much as those bought by him in 1867. If expressed in dollars and cents, the amount saved would appear so large as to be absolutely almost incredible. * * * I have no hesitation in saying that the average quality of all the fertilizers sold in Georgia is fully 25 per cent better than the average of all manufactured in the United Kingdom."

This is an important showing, and should be pondered carefully.

Miss Mary Anderson.

Miss Mary Anderson will appear for the first time in Atlanta at DeGive's next Monday night, as "Juliet" in Shakespeare's love tragedy of Romeo and Juliet. On Tuesday night she will appear as Lady Macbeth

Of her Lady Macbeth the Savannah News says:

On Saturday evening Miss Mary Anderson assumed the very difficult role of Lady Macbeth, and to the great satisfaction of the many friends she has made in our city during her brief engagement, succeeded most admirably. It was apparent she had given the character a vast amount of study, and had obtained a most excellent conception, which she executed in a style commensurate with the high and rare artistic talent she possesses. In the sleep-walking scene, we have never seen the character better portrayed. Throughout, she was almost perfect, and her reading is particularly to be commended.

The banquet scene was most magnificent, and we agree with a cotemporary who said that Miss Anderson's performance in that single scene was enough to establish her reputation. It was a wonderfully realistic picture. Lady Macbeth attired in royal robes, with the flashing diadem upon her graceful head, has reached the height of her ambition, yet she is suddened by the thought that Macbeth's bloody deeds are not over—with smiling face solicitous for the comfort of her friends, still cast anxious glances at perturbed Macbeth. She is ill at ease, and the audience know it, though her friends do not. Vainly she attempts to conceal or explain away her lord's infamity. For him, exhortation and entreaty; for the wondering nobles, the suggestion that if they note him, they shall extend his passion. It is more than even she can compass. Half crazed with anguish she is the person so, and then, heart broken, crushed by contending emotions she falls with an agonizing shriek at the feet of him, even in that supreme moment, a face lighted up and glorified by love. Genius alone can inspire acting at once so natural and so affecting.

We are convinced, from what we have seen of Miss Anderson, that she is destined to occupy the foremost rank in the profession she has chosen, and of which she is an honored member and ornament. We feel that we are but speaking the opinions of the discriminating and intelligent audience, when we pronounce her "Lady Macbeth" par excellence. She was fairly supported. Mr. Boniface, who is undoubtedly an actor of real merit, assumed the role of "Macbeth," and, although some portions of his performance were not entirely in keeping with our conception, and there was a trifle too much of earnestness, so to speak, his rendition was creditable and elicited the plaudits of his admirers.

The audience was an unusually large one for Saturday night, and seemed to be well pleased with their evening's entertainment.

Monroe Female College.

Monroe Advertiser.

The session, we understand, has opened under auspices highly favorable. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather and the almost impassable condition of the roads, about twenty new pupils arrived last week. Bullock, Effingham, Jefferson, Pulaski, Putnam, Screven, and Washington counties sent representatives and others have engaged to come at an early day. The prospects, we learn, are more flattering than they have been for years. Bricks, books and brains, the three R's essential for an educational enterprise, are at the control of the friends of the institution, and we congratulate them upon their success in bringing their worth to the favorable notice and appreciation of the public. Let those who would secure for their daughters excellent literary and social advantages upon terms most favorable, send at once to the Monroe Female College.

THE POOL.

An Important Meeting of the Association To-day.

The famous pool will hold a session in this city this week, beginning at the Kimball house to-day. Already a large number of railroad men from all parts of the south, representing every line of transportation, are present in the city and more will arrive to-day.

The meeting is for the purpose of settling up back scores and determining upon the basis and programme of operations for the spring business. Some delicate and important questions will be discussed during the session.

The pool has a large influence upon the course of commerce in these states and its proceedings are looked to with interest by all southern commercial men.

Pictorial History of Atlanta.

An illustrated history of Atlanta, specially bound, is now in preparation. An accurate sketch of Atlanta and its growth, with numerous engravings of public edifices, business houses, residences and interesting views, will be issued in connection from every citizens

J. P. STEVENS,
MANUFACTURING
JEWELER & ENGRAVER.
DEALER IN
DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY, 28 WHITEHALL STREET, UP-STAIRS.
jan4—1m.8d1,c

CASTLEBERRY & CO., ARE THE ONLY furniture manufacturers in Georgia. $60,000 worth now in store. 44 Whitehall street. Hotels and boarding houses furnished at low rates and remember we never sell second-class goods. oct7

Headquarters for Eastern Seed Potatoes.

We have in Store and to arrive One Thousand Barrels of Choice Eastern Early Rose, Early Goodrich, Pinkeyes, Peerless and Jackson Whites. Will be sold at Lowest Market Prices. We don't sell Western Seed.

W. F. STOKES & CO.,
17 Alabama Street.

P. S.—Owing to the short crop of old Potatoes and consequent high prices, early planting will pay better this season than in many years past.

jan31—d1mo 24 30 feb6 8,clp

THE CONTESTED ELECTION.

HAMMOND VS PITTMAN.

Ninth Day's Proceedings.

The ballot box containing the votes cast at the election for county officers, held January third, was examined yesterday before Justice Pool, and a large number of suspected ballots were discussed.

The contestant, Judge Hammond, has a list of about 1,500 names which he says cast illegal votes on the day of the election. The plea against most of them is that they had not paid their taxes for 1875 or 1876, and therefore were not entitled to vote at the election; others are said to be non-residents and disqualified in various ways.

It will require several days yet to complete the examination of the box.

Counsel on both sides are wide awake to every issue presented, and this case will be one of the most thoroughly investigated that was ever known in the state. It seems not yet to be near its completion.

THE COURTS.

The Supreme Court.

CIRCUITS:

Albany	8	Rome	1
Southwestern	23	Cherokee	19
Pataula	9	Augusta	10
Chattahoochee	24	Middle	8
Macon	28	Ocmulgee	10
Flint	14	Eastern	3
Coweta	11	Brunswick	4

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA,
January 31, 1877.

Messrs. J. A. King and W. T. Jones were admitted to the bar upon taking the usual oath.

ALBANY CIRCUIT.

No 3. Maples vs Hoggard. Complaint, from Mitchell. Argued
Davis & Lyon, for plaintiff in error.
B B Bower, contra.
No 4. Dismissed.
No 5. Collins et al vs Stephens. Equity, from Mitchell Argued
R F Lyon; J H Spence for plaintiffs in error.
D A Vason; Strozier & Smith, contra.
No 6. Withdrawn.
No 7. Minor vs State. Larceny, from Dougherty. Argued.
R F Lyon; D H Pope, for plaintiff in error.
B B Bower, solicitor general, contra.
No.11. Hill vs Nisbet. Ejectment, from Dougherty.
R F Lyon, for plaintiff in error.
Warren & Hobbs; R K Hines, contra.
Pending the argument of Mr Lyon, the court adjourned until 10 a m to-morrow

Fulton Superior Court.

JUDGE C. PEPPLES PRESIDING.

The following was the business of this court yesterday:

W. H. Camp & Co. vs J. R. Wallace. Motion &c. Demurrer sustained on the ground that Camp was not an original party.

The call of the appearance docket was dispensed with and parties are allowed forty days in which to file pleas.

Petition of Volney Spalding, Josiah Sherman et al. was read to the court, asking that they be incorporated as the "Republican Printing company," with capital stock of $6,000 and leave to increase it to $30,0.0. Petition was ordered printed and will then be passed upon.

Lewis Rosentine & Co. et al. vs. Joseph Fleischel, A. M. Lewin et al. Prayer for injunction and a receiver. Demurrer sustained. Bill dismissed and temporary receiver ordered to restore assets to Joseph Fleischel.

The Georgia penitentiary company was declared duly incorporated after the observance of proper forms. Henry Butcher vs. J. L. Watkins. Assumpsit. As the defendant was adjudged a bankrupt on the 22d of April, 1876, further proceedings against him were adopted

Matilda Morrison vs Charles Latimer. Motion for new trial. Ordered to be heard in vacation

W L Calhoun, executor, et al., plaintiffs in error vs A A Calhoun, defendant in error. Case from Fulton superior court, carried to supreme court. Judgment of the court below was there affirmed, and was ordered to be made the final judgment of the superior court.

R A Johnson, trustee. Application for leave to sell lot of land. Heard at chambers and leave granted.

List of jurors drawn to serve at an adjourned term the second week in February next:

Madison Bulee,	W R Sprewell,
W H Harper.	W J F Willis,
Oscar D Scott,	F M Donehoo,
James B Merritt,	R R Lawhon,
John Morrison,	Wm J Hudson,
Thos L Reynolds,	Mathew Lemon,
James Dunlap,	Jno F Mobley,
Wm M Dickson,	J L Richmond,
Jas A Burns,	Geo W Wright,
Jacob J Lynes,	Jno W Richardson,
Jas S Porter,	James A Cody,
Joseph Gordon,	Chas F Campbell,
J J Norman,	Isaac B Lynes.
J W Vaughn,	Thos W Wood,
W C Morris,	James M Ball,
Chas W Jordan,	James T Rennon,
William Walsh,	W L Corley,
Benj Hollis,	James C Davis.

The court then adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock Monday, February 12, 1877.

City Court.

JUDGE R. H. CLARKE, PRESIDING.

The following was the business of this court yesterday:

State vs. L. S. Smith. Simple larceny. Elected to be tried by court and was found not guilty.

State vs. Aleck Waring. Simple larceny. Plea of guilty, and sentenced to $5 fine and costs and two months on the chain gang.

State vs. John Knox. Simple larceny. Plea of guilty. Fined $20 and costs, or sentenced to six months on the chain gang.

State vs. Lizzie Patterson. Vagrancy. Verdict of guilty. Sentenced to fine of $5 and costs and twelve months on the chain gang.

State vs. John Anderson. Cheating and swindling. Plea of guilty. Fined $10 and costs, or sentenced to six months on the chain gang.

State vs Bass Wheeler and Wade Smith. Larceny from the house. Tried by the court. Wade Smith found not guilty. Bass Wheeler found guilty and fined $25 and costs or sentenced to twelve months on the chain gang.

State vs Walter Harris. Larceny from the house. Tried by the court; found guilty; sentenced to six months on the chain gang.

State vs. Jim Lyle. Larceny from the house. Verdict of not guilty

Mr. Howard Van Epps, the solicitor general of the court being absent, Mr. J. M. McAfee was appointed to act in his place until he should return.

Court adjourned to 9 a m. to-day.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, Jan. 31, 1877.

J W Little and Miss Little, Madison; W A Wiley, New York; W W Clark, Macon; W E Davis, Thomasville; J Powell, High Shoals; C R A Stanley, J O King, Dublin; J W Cangan, Va; J W Bull, N Hicks, Harlem; A N Gravestine, Savannah; Joe Sparkes, Ga; J R Boswell, Pansield; M V B Wachtell, Baltimore; Jno J Flowers, Ala; J H Almond, Conyers; T B Thompson, B S Peters, Alex Buckner, Ky; W R Thaxton, Ga; B H Brown, Troups county; B Pelon, Memphis; W H Bird, Charleston; W H Tyler, Baltimore; R E Lowry, N C; M Edwards, Crawford; Jas M Edwards, Athens; R Arnold, city; Daniel, Pittman, city; H L Collier, city; F S Fitch, Griffin; Chas N West, L Mims, Savannah; F L Freyer, Marietta; H V Sims, Elbert county; Wm S Fullum, Richmond; T J Black, Baltimore; W T Reynolds, Greenville; Mrs W M Rorse, Sparta; J L Bass, Griffin; J L Johnson, Mr J Marshall, Ga; Wm Schley, Ga; J D Willmington, Baltimore; A C McCalla, Conyers; G W Gloston, Conyers; Dr D C Jones and lady, Ga; Miss S T Harris Ga; Miss Lula Selman, Ga; Miss Mollie Selman, Ga; W A Post, Grantville; J B Cummings, Ga; Wm A Orshurne, Palmetto; Geo T Orshurne Palmetto; Robt Evans, Tenn; F B Hudson, Milner; J T Talbot, Ky; R E B Cox, Ky; W O Tuglo, La Grange; H W Johnson, Griffin; W H Clarke, wife and daughter, Lebanity, Ind; L T Neal Gallatin, Tenn.

A WHITE INDIAN.

RETURN OF JOHN R. DICKSON FROM THE CHEROKEE NATION.

A Georgian Who has Been Among the Red Men for Twenty-Seven Years and is Now on a Pleasure Trip

"Good marster, look at dat Ingin!"

The exclamation was made by a horrified negro truckman in the union depot as a tall, swarthy, athletic-bodied man dressed in a bright buckskin suit of Indian toggery stepped off the West Point train and held up his check to the saucer-eyed baggage-man. The strange arrival was promptly surrounded by

THE INVARIABLE CROWD

of curious people, fancy gamins and puzzled darkies that pounce upon and swallows up every novel apparition in human shape that dares enter within our gates. The man of buckskin regimentals paid no attention to the gaping multitude but proceeded to cuss out the hotel retainers as eloquently and familiarly as any other free American citizen.

He decided to put up at the biggest house in town and shortly after the register of the H. I. Kimball house had been inscribed with the autograph of

JOHN R. DICKENS,

of the Indian territory. Mr. Dickens immediately after pcased himself by taking a seat in the rotunda and becoming the center and cynosure of a large and appreciative audience, containing delegations from all classes of our mercurial population.

A reporter of the CONSTITUTION luckily secured a seat next to Mr. Dickens and regarded him long enough to note that he was a man of fine physique, strong limbed, stalwar and hardy; his face is well bronzed and bears no faint resemblance to a pure Indian countenance, having a roughly marked squilline nose, high cheek-bones and firm under-jaws. Mr. Dickens' costume was of the best that an Indian clothier could trot out, and were worthy of attention. Their elaborate ornamentation in beads, braids and snake-skins attracted unlimited admiring remarks from the urchins standing around. He held in his hand

A FINE GOLD HEADED CANE,

ebony staff, and of elegant design. He also wore a fine gold neck chain, to which was appended a magnificent gold watch

He stated to us that he left Georgia in 1850, and went west among the Indians. He lived prior to his removal in Cobb and Jasper counties in this state In Monticello, the county site of the latter county, he merchandised for some time, and was recognized yesterday at the Kimball House by gentlemen who had known and traded with him there.

He also traded at Sandtown, where he sold goods to the Choctaw Indians before their removal to the territory. He is now sixty-three years of age but does not look to be over fifty. He has a brother, Hamp Dickens, now living in Henry county, and whom he will probably visit during this trip.

OBJECTS OF HIS TOUR.

Mr Dickens states that the territory is a money making place and that he has made this trip to Georgia, the only one since he left the state twenty seven years ago, to see the sights and spend his money. For the accomplishment of the latter object, we may remark, he struck the right trail, and has lauded where it can be done with ease and rapidity. He seems to think so himself, after so short an acquaintance, and talks of moving on and leaving us to-day.

A BUSINESS PURPOSE

is also combined with his trip of pleasure. He says that there is a large amount of pension money due to some of the Cherokees, his nation, from the government at Washington, and that he has been empowered to go and see Grant and collect the money. It is a hard contract, but he thinks he may worry the Big Chief into shelling out.

Mr. Dickens lives forty miles west of Fort Gibson, in the Cherokee nation, probably the most enlightened of "the tame savages." He reports matters easy in the territory and a growing desire among the Indians for the organization of the territory under the Oklahoma bill. He himself is of the Thompson party and in favor of such a future for the territory.

A TRIBUTE TO HILL.

Remarks Made by Col. W. A. Shorter at the Jubilee Meeting.

At the recent jubilee held to rejoice over the election of Mr. Hill to the senate, Col. W. A. Shorter was called upon, and in the course of his eloquent remarks, uttered these sentiments which are worthy of preservation in the public records of the occasion:

EXTRACT FROM MR. SHORTER'S SPEECH.

Yes, fellow-citizens, we may have a thousand Highthouses along the coast, and upon the rocks amid the seas, but we need them not when the sun is clear and bright; when all is calm and quiet; when sailing is smooth and easy and a prosperous glow lights up the broad face of the ocean. When the great deep is moved to madness by the raging waves; when the white crests of tossing billows speak the anger of the sea; when all is dark and threatening; when danger is near—then it is that the beacon hail with overwhelming delight the far-streaming welcome as it leaps in generous glare from the summit of the friendly lighthouse, across the dark waters, to the freighted heart of the anxious mariner.

As light-houses are to the mariner, so real statesmen are to the people in the hour of peril. When the storm clouds of passion thickly gathered, and heavily lowered over the capitol of this country; when the lurid lightning of sectional hate vividly played through the national halls; when the champion of Maine, the arch-enemy of our honor, was flung on the storm; when the steady wires quickly caught his heated words of hate and flashed over this continent the slanderous story of our disgrace; then it was that the great heart of the south moved anxiously, and all eyes were trustingly turned toward Washington In the capitol city of the republic, high above the darkness of the scene enacted there, we caught the light of a bright promise of complete vindication, in the lustrous rays of which, we saw the noble form of Georgia's illustrious son, as he grandly rose with giant power, and turning back the tide of abuse, gave truth to history and protection to his people.

So long as the congressional Record shall remain the partial likeness of the nation's deeds, so long will this great monument of common defence, reared by Benjamin H. Hill, stand a lasting honor to himself, and increasing glory to his section.

The sentiment thus happily expressed was greeted with great applause.

Condition of Mr. Brobston.

Mr. T. H. S. Brobston is, we are pleased to state, much better and his physicians and friends hope that his complete recovery will be speedily accomplished. He is very weak from the effects of his wound, but seems to be gaining strength. With prudence and quiet his restoration is very probable.

The German Last Night.

One of the most stylish affairs of the season was the German at the Kimball house last night. The attendance was larger than that of any previous meeting of the club. Several new figures were introduced and were much admired.

Payson's English Opera.

Mr. G. H. Van Weimer, the energetic advance agent of Payson's English opera troupe, is in the city. This company is billed for Dalton on the 8th and 9th.

The Western and Atlantic Railroad

The annual meeting of the board of directors of the State road will take place here to-day. The session will be one of importance to all interests represented.

GEO. SHARP, JR.'S
Jewelry Manufactory.
Gold Badges of all kinds, Seal Rings and Lockets, Diamonds remounted.
All kinds of Jewelry Repairing and Embossing, Enamaling and *Superior Engraving* executed in my work shop at the *shortest notice.*
Am prepared to do all kinds of superior work in my line that cannot be executed elsewhere in the State.
My prices are lower than the lowest, and my work in quality, superiority and finish cannot be excelled. jan24—dtf

Members of the Legislature!
After you have gotten through the Senatorial Election, take a quiet stroll and pass an hour or two in my Jewelry Store and buy any jewelry you may need in my line at actual wholesale cost. GEO. SHARP, JR.

TOWN TOPICS.

—An informal meeting of the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals was held in the Young Men's Library Tuesday evening. Miss Louise W King and W R Platt, secretary of the Georgia society, were present.

—The grasshoppers at Marietta have all died out.

—The house, after a dry debate yesterday, was refreshed by Dews.

—Mr. Reece, of Floyd, remarked yesterday evening at the conclusion of the Baker county contest (but it was "Hawes-Down-combat."

—The clerk of the house will keep a calendar of the bills passed each day.

—The editor of the Dalton Citizen carries a level head when he says of Atlanta: "The fast-growing and beautiful capital of our state is but a short distance from Dalton, and we would advise those desiring a little pleasant recreation to run down to this lively metropolis while the legislature is in session.

—We would call especial attention to the great inducements offered by the Atlanta and New Orleans short line to parties who desire to visit the Crescent City during "Mardi Gras." The tickets, though limited as to time, give two days in New Orleans, (from the morning of 13th until evening of 14th) which will give visitors ample time to join in all the festivities. The rate is lower than ever before, being only $15 00 for the round trip which places a ticket within the reach of all. Parties who contemplate going will oblige Mr. A. J. Orme, the general agent, if they will leave their names with Mr. J. H. Porter or Jack Johnson at the Union Ticket office at General Passenger depot.

—The members of the P. K. Club are requested to meet at their hall this afternoon at 5 o'clock. Business of importance Third D. from the B.

—Mr. A.J. West, formerly a merchant in this city, has purchased a fine farm near Navasota, Texas, and gone to work upon it. The Houston Telegraph speaks in high terms of him.

—Trinity Sunday school numbers over four hundred children.

—There will be a rush for seats to see Miss Anderson.

—The removal of the dingy awnings at the corner of Broad and Alabama streets has greatly improved the appearance of that quarter.

—Bear in mind that the Library fair will begin in the Grant building next Monday night week. Incessant preparations are now going on in view of this event.

—An enthusiastic individual remarked last night after frequent contest with ice-water that "Ben Hill was a greater man than Bunker Hill dared to be."

—Several new clerks were put on duty in the house yesterday.

—Several days ago the CONSTITUTION asked "Where is the society for the prevention of cruelty to animals?" A car load of horses arrived in Augusta from Cincinnati which had been 48 hours on the way. The poor creatures had not received a drop of water or particle of food during the passage." We are informed that this case came to the notice of the society in Augusta and was immediately investigated. A special telegram from the railroad agent here informed the society that the animals had been unloaded and fed in Atlanta before being shipped to Augusta.

—The rush for seats for the Rossini club concert on yesterday morning was unprecedented in the history of Atlanta. Fully one thousand seats were secured before the crowd diminished. The concert will take place at DeGive's opera house on next Friday evening. The best seats, however, are those in the upper gallery, which may be secured to-day, and we advise those who have not reserved their seats to go early and take the gallery seats. Ladies who have seats in the parquette will not wear hats; this rule does not apply to other parts of the house. The reserved seats will not be kept vacant after the beginning of the second piece on the programme, after which they may be occupied by any person in the hall. During the performance of any piece the doors will be closed, and no person will be admitted until it is finished. This is a good rule and will save the audience from disturbance. Go to G. P. Guilford's, 52 Whitehall street, and reserve your seats at 10 o'clock this morning without fail.

—Col. H. B. Plant, president, and Col. M. J. O'Brien, general superintendent of the southern express company, are in the city upon business connected with that corporation

—Col. A. B. Small, of the Texas express company arrived in the city last night. He comes upon express business. He is the father of Mr Sam. W. Small, of THE CONSTITUTION, and is also well known in Georgia from his connection during the war with the southern express. For nearly eighteen years he has been connected with this species of transportation interests in the south, and is a thorough master of its details.

—Miss Kate Carter, of Dalton, is in the city, the guest of Mrs B H Hill, Jr.

—Policemen Simpson and White arrested a colored moke, Simon Jones, for stealing wood, and Simon was yesterday committed to jail.

—Policemen Simpson and Mehaffey arrested Jim Miller, colored, on a charge of vagrancy. The only visible means of support Jim had was a deck of cards.

—Sergeant E. S. Riley, U. S. A., passed through here yesterday, en route to the lunatic asylum in Columbia, S. C.

—Prof. Schoeller, of Dalton, has dedicated a new march to B H Hill on his march from the house to the senate.

—We are indebted to J. S. Newman, secretary, for a pamphlet copy of the "proceedings of the Georgia state horticultural society," held in Macon. The catalogue of fruits published in it is invaluable Everybody should obtain a copy.

—Mr. W. R Lacy has so far recovered as to be at his business again.

—A flock of sheep and hogs in general confusion created a stir on Loyd street yesterday.

—About one dozen suicides have occurred in Atlanta within the past two years.

—The committee appointed in the interest of the cotton factory are pushing their work in a lively manner.

—Professional jurors say the county is getting stingy.

"Carolynn," the Atlanta correspondent of the Macon Telegraph, is said to be a very talented female—indeed, a regular blue-stocking.

—A boys' debating club in the city will discuss, next Friday night, the question, "Are the new oblong busties beautiful or useful?"

—Solid cream-colored hose, with delicate embroidery, is the latest object of female affection.

—The Irish potato famine is still oppressing the state, though Atlanta seems to have a very good supply.

—The incendiaries are taking a long rest, possibly for the concoction of great mischief.

—A gentleman advertised in THE CONSTITUTION yesterday for an errand boy, and before nine o'clock he had fifty applications.

—The Atlanta branch of the S. P. C. A. is doing a good work, and its membership is fast increasing.

The Catholic Fair.

The Catholic fair is still in the full tide of success. The attendance is large every night.

The contest for the walking suit to be presented to the prettiest man in town is also between a Whitehall street merchant and a Decatur street merchant. The polls close Friday night.

The contest for the military badge continues spirited.

The contest for the bride doll closes at half past nine Saturday night. Alice Palmer and Nellie Ford are ahead, and the friends of Miss Mamie Cannon and Miss Mamie Wagnon are expected to rally in force.

Balloting for the candidates are lively. If you can't vote, call at the refreshment table and be refreshed.

The Turkish Bath.

Dr. Wilson has added to his rooms on Loyd street ample accommodation for the ladies. He is now prepared to give male or female an elegant Turkish bath any hour in the day. The best preventative for disease is a Turkish bath. Don't fail to call on the Dr. and see it.

Two second-hand Pianos to rent at Music Store of Phillips & Crew. feb1-d1t

BY CAR LOADS
ONLY FOR CASH!
As low as can be put down from Western Markets.
5 cars cured Clear Rib Bulk.
100 Tcs. Golden Lard.
500 Barrels Belle of Kentucky Flour.
50 Tcs. Golden Hams.
J. W. FEARS, Agent.
feb1—d1t

200 French Woven Corsets at 50 cents, worth $1 00.
300 boxes Ladies Writing Paper at 12½c.
Best Standard Prints at 7½c.
Wamsutta Long Cloth at 13c.
Londsdale Shirting at 11½c.
Londsdale Cambric at 14c
Full width Sheeting from 8c up.
Double width Ginghams, 10c, worth 15c.
Full line of Cassimeres, Tweeds, &c., at reduced prices at
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s,
No. 38 Whitehall street.
jan25-d1t Atlanta, Ga.

The Stockholders of the Atlanta Cotton Factory and Citizens generally
Are invited to meet at the Factory, on Marietta street, this afternoon at four o'clock, punctually, at which time a general inspection of the building and machinery will take place.
Come one, come all! GEO. W. ADAIR, President.
feb1—d1t

B. H. H.
Ben Hill Hats
At Lewis Clarke's. Just received. Go and get one. feb1—d3t

Furniture Factory No. 2.
We are now receiving at our warerooms 72 Whitehall street, 150 dozen chairs, cane seats; 40 dozen rockers, cane seats, and we will receive in the next twenty days 40 dress case suits, all grades; also, all kinds bed-room furniture.
Call before you buy.
JAMES L. WATKINS,
Agent for Georgia,
my14-tf

Cash.
Having determined from this date, February 1st, to charge no more goods to ANY ONE My friends will please take notice and not think hard if they are refused credit hereafter.
feb1—d3t LEWIS H. CLARKE

At Wholesale Cost,
Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Sterling Silver and Plated Ware, at cost at
GEO. SHARP, JR.,
jan24—dtf Jewelry Store.

Remember, to get Hats, Caps and Valises cheap for CASH, you must call at Clarke's, No 6 Whitehall street. feb1—d3t

Furchgott, Benedict & Co. are offering the remainder of their Winter Dress Goods at half their value. Cloaks, Shawls and Skirts at less than cost. jan25-dtf

Active Members of the Rossini Club
Please report promptly at DeGive's Opera House to-night at 7: 5. Every member expected, and as you are always prompt, I shall expect to begin at 7:15 promptly.
G. P. GUILFORD,
feb1—dit President.

Fresh and New and Just as Represented.
No old style itinerant stock sold in my house. New styles, fresh goods, purchased from first-class Responsible and Leading Manufacturers. All at wholesale for thirty days, at
GEO. SHARP, JR.,
jan24—dtf Jewelry Store.

Carpets! Carpets!
Our entire lot of Carpets have been marked down to be closed out, as the season is far advanced.
jan25-dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.

Consumptives Take Notice!
Every moment of delay makes your care more hopeless, and much depends on the judicious choice of a remedy. The amount of testimony in favor of Dr Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, as a cure for Consumption, far exceeds all that can be brought to support the pretensions of any other medicine. See Dr Schenck's Almanac, containing the certificates of many persons of the highest respectability, who have been restored to health, after being pronounced incurable by physicians of acknowledged ability. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many, as these evidences show; but the cure is often promoted by the employment of two other remedies which Dr. Schenck provides for the purpose. These additional remedies are Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills. By the timely use of these medicines, according to directions, Dr. Schenck confides that most any case of Consumption may be cured.
Dr. Schenck is professionally at his principal office, Corner Sixth and Arch Sts., Philadelphia, every Monday, where all letter for advice must be addressed. feb1—deod1mofeb

Local and Business Notices.

New Furniture.

We are pleased to announce to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity, that we will open on the 15 h of February, in the elegant corner building, now occupied by W A. Haygood, a full and complete line of

FURNITURE,

purchased at lowest factory prices, for cash.

Those needing any goods in this line will do well to see our new stock before purchasing.

E. S. KENDRICK & Co.
Atlanta, Ga. January 30, 1877—d3t

R. O. DOUGLASS'
Great Sale of Winter Goods.
I shall offer from this date Great Bargains in all Winter Goods in order to clear them out before purchasing Spring Stock.
Such goods as FLANNELS, BLANKETS, KENTUCKY JEANS, ALL THE NEW STYLES OF DRESS GOODS, FELT SKIRTS, Shawls, &c., will be sold at prices never before seen in this city.
Great Bargains in Table Linen, Towels, Quilts, Napkins, Doylies, &c.
Domestics of all kinds at Factory prices.
R. O. DOUGLASS,
j n28-d3t,su,tu,th 39 Whitehall street,

Atlanta Trunk Factory.
For Trunks and Valises go to the
ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY,
Repairing done at short notice.
jan26-d1mon,tues&thur

DeKalb Sheriff sales for February, 1877.

WILL be sold before the court-house door in the town of Decatur DeKalb county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in February, 1877, the following property, to-wit:

One hundred acres more or less being in the south west half of land lot No. 292, in the 18th district of said county. Levied on by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from DeKalb superior court, in favor of L J. Winn, executor of L. Johnson, deceased, against W. D. Brown, as the property of and now in possession of the defendant. Said fi fa assigned to Henry W. Holmes. Property pointed out by the assignee. January 6, 1877.

Also, at the same time and place, one house and lot situate in the town of Stone Mountain, on corner of Church and he ond Main streets, and known as the place whereon G W Johnson now resides, containing one half acre, more or less. Levied on by virtue of and to satisfy a Justices Court fi fa issued from the 1045th district, G M., DeKalb county, in favor of Kimbrell & Phillips vs C W Johnson, as the property of the defendant. Levy made and returned to me by B F Bailey, L C. January 6, 1877.

JAMES HUNTER, Sheriff.
jan6—wtd

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, November 7, 1876.

WHEREAS, F M and J M Nash, administrators on the estate of William Nash, deceased, has applied to me for dismission from their said trust:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, within the time allowed by law, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration, else they will be discharged according to law JOHN B STEWARD,
nov9—w1am3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, November 7, 1876.

WHEREAS, Warren J Clark, administrator on the estate of Sarah and Claracy Mitchell late of said county, deceased, has applied for dismission from said trust:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to be and appear at my office within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration, else he will be discharged from his said trust according to law JOHN B. STEWARD,
nov9—w1am3m Ordinary.

NOTICE.

TOLLED before me, on this the 27th day of January, 1877, as an estray, by James H. Laird of the 531st district, G. M., of DeKalb county, Georgia one HEIFER, no horns, no ear marks, body black and brindle, some red spots on the sides, balance of the body white, about three years old; appraised by A. F. Freyer and T. F. Jackson, this day, at the sum of seven dollars and that it is worth twenty-five cents a day to keep said Heifer.

The owner is hereby notified to appear before me, prove property, pay costs and take said heifer away, or the same will be sold according to the provisions of said James H. Laird, on Tuesday the 6th day of February, 1877, at the residence of said James H. Laird, in said county and district.

Witness my hand and official signature this 27th, 1877.
R. V. BAYNE,
jan30—wtd Ordinary.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, November 9, 1876.

WHEREAS, P M and J M Nash, administrators on the estate of Nash, deceased, has applied to me for dismission from their said trust:

This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, within the time allowed by law, why said administrator should not be discharged from said administration, else they will be discharged according to law JOHN B STEWARD,
nov9—w1am3m Ordinary.

NOTICE.

TOLLED before me, on this the 27th day of January, 1877, as an estray, by James H. Laird of the 531st district, G. M., of DeKalb county, Georgia one HEIFER, no horns, no ear marks, body black and brindle, some red spots on the sides, balance of the body white, about three years old; appraised by A. F. Freyer and T. F. Jackson, this day, at the sum of seven dollars and that it is worth tw